D Reisinger July 1 '71

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 55---No. 17. Beaver, Pa., Wednesday, April 30 1873. Established 1818.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advetisements are in serted at the rate of $100 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to ten lines of this type measures a square.

Business Notices set under a head by themselves immediately after the local news, will be charged ten cents a line for each insertion.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon to insure insertion in that week's paper.

Business Directory.

BEAVER.

F. H. AGNEW. J. M. BUCHANAN.
AGNEW & BUCHANAN,
Attorneys at Law,
Third Street, Beaver, Penn'a.
oct9-1y Opposite the Argus office.

J. F. DUNLAP, Attorney at Law. Office in the Court House, Beaver, Pa. All business promptly attended to. (may8'72,1y.

DR THOS. DONEHOO will practice his profession in Beaver and surrounding country. Office in the Border building, 3d street, Beaver, Pa. apr23-1yr

M. J LAWRENCE—Physician and Surgeons office, in room formerly occupied by U. S. Revenue Assessor, 3d Street, Beaver, Pa. apr16-1y

J. W. MILLER—Physician and Surgeon office that formerly occupied by Drs. McKiney & Lawrence—Residence, Dr McNutt's house. 49-1y

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK neatly and expeditiously executed at the ARGUS office.

O. A. SMALL—Attorney at law, Beaver, Pa., Office in the Court House. dec25-tf

JOHN B. YOUNG, Attorney at Law. Office and residence on Third st., east of the Court House. Business promptly attended to. apr7;1y

J. H. McCREERY, Attorney at Law. Office on Third st., below the Court House. All business promptly attended to. je22,'70ll

E. P. KUHN & JAMES H. CUNNINGHAM. Attorneys at Law. Office east end of Third street, Beaver, Pa. mar30;70;1y

HENRY MERZ, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots, Shoes and Gaiters; Main st. (sep28;1y

BEAVER DRUG STORE, Hugo Andriessen Druggist & Apothecary, Main st. Prescriptions carefully compounded. (sep28;1y

NEW BRIGHTON.

CHAS. COATE, Dealer in paints, oil, glass, nails, plate-glass, looking-glasses, frames, garden and flower-seeds and fancy towls. Falls street, New Brighton. sep27'71-1y

WISENER & BINGHAM, Manufacturers of carriages, buggies, spring-wagons, buck-wagons and vehicles of every description, Bridge St. Both practical workmen. Successors to George Metz. mar6ly

F. LANGNECKER, dealer in Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repairing neatly executed, Broadway, near Falls-st. nov1'71-1y

J. W. NIPPERT, Baker & Confectioner; Ice-cream, Oysters and Game in season. Balls, Pic-Nics, Weddings, &c., supplied. nov1

WM WALLACE, Dealer in Italian & American Marble, Manufacturer Monuments, Grave stones & slabs at reasonable prices Railroad st., near new Depot, New Brighton. [sep27

BON TON RESTAURANT and EATING SALOON, meals at all hours; table supplied with all the delicacies of the season. Prices low. Wm Stickland cor of Paul and Broadway. my21'71-1y

S. & J SNELLENBERG, Merchant Tailors, Broadway, New Brighton. See adv. (sep14;1y

H. NOSS, Photographer, Wilson's Block, Broadway. Best photographs from re-touched negatives. (sep14;1y

BEAVER FALLS.

WM. ROBERTSON, Dealer in the justly celebrated Domestic Sewing Machine. Ladies call and be convinced. Main st., B. Falls. (sep27

STEVENSON & WITTISH, Land Office, 19 Penn St., Pittsburgh, and Beaver Falls, Beaver Co., Pa. aug28;1y

D. STEWART & SON, Dealers in Yankee Notions, &c. Main St. Beaver Falls. sep14;1y

BRIDGEWATER.

L. F WEINMAN, Manufacture of Boots and Shoes. Bridge St. Bridgewater. (sep27;1y

J. C. BALLOU'S Shady-Side Photograph Gallery, 2d floor, Dunlap's corner, opposite toll bridge, Bridgewater, Pa. apr16-1y

A. BREHM, Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa., Dealer in Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silver Ware, Spectacles, &c. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired. (feb15'71,1y

DANIEL MILLER, Fashionable Tailor. None but experienced workmen employed. Shop on Bridge st., Bridgewater, Pa. feb8'71;1y

A. C. HURST, Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Furs, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Trimmings. Bridge St., Bridgewater, Pa. sep14;1y

ROCHESTER.

W. W. JOHNSON—Dealer in Wall Paper of all kinds, Oil-Cloth, Window Bands, Trunks, Satchels, Baskets, Toy Carts, Wagons, Chairs and Toys of every description. Near Depot. nov20-1y

DONCASTER HOUSE.—David Wolf Proprietor. *Pro Bono Publico* R. R. Street, near station. nov29-tf

THOS. KENNEDY & CO., (successors to Wm. Buechling,) Druggists and Chemists. Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours. In the Diamond, Rochester. sep4,1y

WILL SMITH & CO., Fancy Dry Goods, Notions and Millinery. Madison st., near Diamond, Rochester, Pa (sep14;1y

HENRY LAPP, Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture of all kinds. Brighton st., above Plow Factory. See adv't. (sep14;1y

SAMUEL C. HANNEN, Druggist. Prescriptions carefully compounded. Water st., Rochester. (sep14;1y

SPEYERER & SONS, Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Grain, Boat stores, Iron & Nails. Cor Water & James sts

M. MILLER & CO Contractors and Builders, Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Shutters &c. Dealers in Lumber Lath &c Rochester. (sep21;1y

SCOTT, BOYLE & WILLIAMS, Successors to C. Lakins & Co., Dealers in Sawed and Planed Lumber, Lath & Shingles, Rochester. sep28;1y

STEFFLER & CLARK, proprietors of Johnston House. Good accommodations and good stabling. Near R. R. Depot. oct19;1y

ALLEGHENY CITY.

DR. J.S. WINANS, Electrical Physician; Chronic diseases made a specialty. Office, 187 Washington avenue, Allegheny City, Pa. (sep14;1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. B. SNEAD, Freedom, Beaver county, Pa., dealer in Sawed and Planed Lumber of all kinds. Flats and Barges built to order. jan9'71-1y

JOHN THORNILEY, Manufacturer of the Great Republic Cooking Stove, and Patentee of Portable extension top and centre. Fallston, Pa.

N. D. CONE, M. D., Late of Darlington having removed to New Brighton, offers his medical services, in all its branches, to the people of the city and surrounding country. Office corner of Butler and Broadway. sep7-1y

Miscellaneous.

W. W. BARKER,
(Successor to Barker & Haseltine,)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
CHROMO LITHOGRAPHS,
Engravings Lithographs, Plain and Colored Photographs, Passe Partouts Mouldings and Picture Frames of all kinds, 87 Fifth Avenue (3 doors above Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa. [mar5-3m

Homes Still Larger FOR THE MILLION!

Rare opportunities are now offered for securing homes in a *mild, healthy* and *congenial climate,* for one-third of their value five years hence.

THE NATIONAL REAL ESTATE AGENCY has for sale real estate of every description, located in the Middle and Southern States, *improved stock, grain* and *fruit farms; rice, sugar* and *cotton plantations, timber* and *mineral lands; cottage,* and *rural residence,* and *business stands; mills* and *mill sites, factories, &c.*

Write for *Land Register* containing description, location, price and terms of properties we have for sale. Address— B. W. CLARKE & CO.,
Pa National Real Estate Agency,
477 and 479 *Penna. Avenue, Washington, D. C.*
may7-3m

Agents Wanted.

Wanted immediately, four active energetic men to act as Agents for the "NEW" WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE *in this county.* Only such men as can give good reference as to character and ability, and furnish a *bond* need apply. We will pay *guaranteed salaries, or liberal commissions,* to *proper men.* Only such men as really desire to enter the business need apply.
WM. SUMNER & CO., No. 130 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa. [mar5-1y

AVOID QUACKS AND IMPOSTORS

No Charge for Advice and Consultation.

Dr J. B. Dyott, Graduate of *Jefferson Medical College,* Philadelphia, author of several valuable works can be consulted on all diseases of the Sexual or Urinary Organs, (which he has made an especial study) either in male or female, no matter from what cause originating or of how long standing. A practice of 30 years enables him to treat disease with success. Cures guaranteed. Charges reasonable. Those at a distance can forward letters describing symptoms and enclosing stamp to prepay postage.

Send for the *Guide to Health.* Price 10 cents.
J. B. DYOTT, M. D., Physician and Surgeon,
feb5-1y] 104 Duane St., New York.

$50,000 Reward!

Will be distributed to subscribers to the AMERICAN WORKING PEOPLE in 1873. It is the only Workingman's Tariff Monthly; has 16 large quarto pages with Illustrations.

Every Subscriber Gets a Premium,

Varying from 25 cents in value to $500 in greenbacks. Among the premiums are 2 of $500 in greenbacks; 2 of $500; 10 of $100; 100 of $10; 780 of $1; 5 Pianos or Organs, $250 each; 10 Sewing Machines, $75 each; 50 American Watches, $40 each besides many thousand of smaller premiums. Only $1.50 per year. Send on trial three months for 25 cents. Send for specimen to

CAPRON & CO.,
apr2 3m Box 5, Pittsburgh, Pa.

New Government Loan

BANKING HOUSE OF
James T. Brady & Co.,
4th Avenue and Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are prepared to exchange all issues of government bonds into the new five per cent loan of the United States.

James T. Brady & Co.
feb19 3m

Insurance.

ALPS INSURANCE COMPANY OF ERIE, PA.

Cash Capital	$250,000 00
Asssets. Oct. 9, '71,	311,948 29
Liabilities, - - -	5,200 00

O. NOBLE, President; J. P. VINCENT, Vice Pt. H. W. WOODS, Treasurer; THOS. F. GOODRICH, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. O Noble,	Erie	Hon. Geo. B. Delameter,	Meadville, Pa.
J W Hammond,	do	Hon J P Vincent,	Erie
Hon Selden Marvin,	do	Henry Rawle	do
Hiram Daggett,	do	G T Churchill	do
Charles H Reed,	do	Capt J S Richards	do
H S Southard,	do	Richard O'Brian,	do
W B Sterrtt,	do	F H Gibbs,	do
H W Noble,	do	John R Cochran,	do
J Englehart,	do	M Hartlebb,	do
J H Neil,	do	Capt D P Dobbins,	do
W H Abbott, Titusville.		Jno Fertig, Titusville.	

Policies issued at fair rates and liberal terms. Insures against damage by Lightning as well as Fire. **CHAS. B. HURST, Ag't.**
Rochester, Pa., Dec. 29, 1871; 1y

G. L. EBERHART..........W. L. BEDISON.

A Word With You!

If you want to buy property,
If you want to sell property,
If you want your house insured,
If you want your goods insured,
If you want your life insured,
If you want to insure against accident,
If you want to lease your house,
If you want to hire a house,
If you want to buy a farm,
If you want to sell a farm,
If you want any legal writing done,
Do not fail to call at the office of

Eberhart & Bedison,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS
AND
Real Estate Brokers,
No. 223 Broadway, New-Brighton,
aug2-tf] Beaver county, Penn.

Professional Cards.

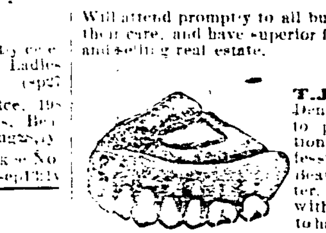
GILBERT L. EBERHART.
Attorney at Law,

Will give prompt attention to collections, procuring bounties and pensions, buying and selling real estate, etc.

Office on Broadway, opposite R E & H. Hoopes' Banking House, New Brighton, Beaver Co., Pa. sep 11

JAMES CAMERON. JOHN Y. MARKS.
CAMERON & MARKS.
Attorneys at Law
And Real Estate Agents,
Rochester, Pa.,

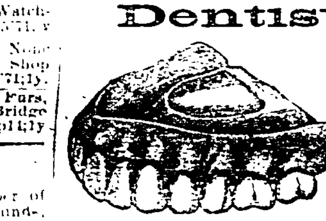
Will attend prompty to all business entrusted to their care, and have superior facilities for buying and selling real estate. dec1;1y



T.J.CHANDLER, Dentist, still continues to perform all operations in the dental profession at his office, Beaver station, Rochester. All who favor him with a call may expect to have their work done in the best possible manner and the most reasonable terms.

The books of the late firm of T. J. CHANDLER & SON are in his hands, where all who have accounts will please call immediately and settle the same. may1'72;1y

Dentistry.



Dr. J. Murray, of Bridgewater, is determined that no Dentist in the State shall do work better or cheaper than he offers it to his patrons.—He uses the best materials manufactured in the United States. Gold and silver filling performed in a style that defies competition. Satisfaction guaranteed in all operations, or the money returned. Give him a trial. feb2;1y

Manufacturers.

POINT PLANING MILLS,
WATER ST., ROCHESTER, PA.
HENRY WHITEFIELD,
MANUFACTURER OF
Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Floor-boards, Weather,boards, Palings Brackets, &c., &c. Also,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES AND BUILDING TIMBER.

Having purchased the the territorial interest of Mr J. C. Anderson, owner of the several patents covering certain improvements in the construction and joining of weatherboards and linings for houses and other buildings, we are the only persons authorized to make and sell the same within the limits of Beaver county. Parties interested will please observe this.

Carpenters' Supplies Constantly Kept on Hand.

Every manner of Shop-Work made to order. oct4;1y

FALLSTON Foundry & Repair Shop.

Having been Engaged in the Foundry Business for more than thirty years,—during which time I have accumulated a variety of useful patterns, besides constructing models and taking out patents for Improvements on

COOKING - STOVES

—and after having thoroughly tested these improvements, I feel warranted in offering them to the public.

PLOWS.

The GREAT WESTERN has no Superior for this Locality.

STOVES;

Stoves of Different Styles for Heating and Cooking,

The Great Republic Cooking Stove

Has the best Record of any Stove ever offered in this market.

IT TAKES LESS FUEL,
LESS ROOM TO DO MORE WORK,
BEST BAKER,
MOST DURABLE
ALTOGETHER
THE BEST STOVE IN USE

In connection with the stove I have got up a Patent

EXTENSION TOP,

which occupies little room, no additional fuel, and is not liable to wear out, dispenses with all pipe, can be put on or taken off at any time, and made to suit all stoves of any size or pattern.

Five Hundred Persons

Who have purchased and used the

GREAT REPUBLIC COOKING STOVE,

Most of whose names have been published in the ARGUS, are confidently referred to, to bear witness of its superior merits as a cooking stove.

Having three first class engines on hand, of two of fifteen horse power capacity, they are offered to the public at reasonable rates.
JOHN THORNILEY.
sur8ritf

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE

SITUATED 1-2 MILE BELOW BEAVER,

and having a delightful view of the Ohio river and surrounding country; 1 mile from R R Station; house brick, two stories high, 4 rooms, attic, hall, cellar, porch, etc.; all finished; wash-house, smoke-house, well of water at the kitchen door; new barn and stable with cellar. Nice paling fence in front of property; all well painted; good orchard in bearing condition, grapes, plumbs, cherries, gooseberries, and all kinds of small fruit. Will be sold on reasonable rates. Apply on the premises to the owner, J. M. GRAHAM.
mar5-tf

Dry Goods.

A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
IMPORTERS
Jobbers
AND
RETAILERS
—OF—
DRY-GOODS,
JOB LOTS
FROM
EASTERN
AUCTION
SALES
Nos. 172 and 174,
Federal Street,
Allegheny
CITY.
pecl8-1y

Insurance.

ROCHESTER Fire Insurance Company.

INCORPORATED by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, February, 1872. Office one door east of Rochester Savings Bank, Rochester, Beaver county, Pa.

People of Beaver county can now have their property insured against loss or damage by fire, at fair rates, in a safe and

RELIABLE HOME COMPANY,

thereby avoiding the expense, trouble and delay incident to the adjustment of losses by companies located at a distance.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

J. V. M'Donald,	George C. Speyerer,
Samuel B. Wilson,	Lewis Schneider,
William Kennedy,	John Graebing,
Marshall M'Donald,	H. E. Edgar,
M. Camp, Jr.,	C. B. Hurst,
David Lowry	Henry Hobbing

OFFICERS:
GEO. C. SPEYERER, PRES'T.
J. V. M'DONALD, *V. Pres't.*
H. J. SPEYERER, *Treas.*
JOHN GRAEBING, JR., *Sec'y.* jy31;1y

Chas. B. Hurst's
INSURANCE
AND
General Agency Office,
NEAR THE DEPOT
ROCHESTER, PENNA.
Notary Public and Conveyancer;

FIRE, LIFE, and ACCIDENT INSURANCE; "Anchor" and "National" Lines of Ocean Steamers; "Adams" and "Union" Express Agent.

All kinds of Insurance at fair rates and liberal terms. Real Estate bought and sold. Deeds, Mortgages, Articles, &c.; written; Depositions and Acknowledgements taken, &c., &c. Goods and Money forwarded to all parts of the United States and Canada. Passengers booked to and from England, Ireland, Scotland, France and Germany.

ÆTNA FIRE INS. CO.,
Of Hartford, Conn,
Cash assets..........$6,000,000
"By their fruits ye know them."
Losses paid to Jan. 1, 1871....$28,000,000
One of the oldest and wealthiest Companies in the world

NIAGARA Insurance Co.,
Of New York.
Cash assets,..........$1,500,000

ANDES FIRE INS. CO.,
Of Cincinnati, Ohio.
Cash assets,..........$1,500,000

ENTERPRISE INS. CO.,
Of Philadelphia.
Cash assets over..........$600,000

LANCASTER Fire Ins. Co.
Of Lancaster, Pa.
Cash assets..........$240,000

ALPS INSURANCE CO.,
Of Erie, Penna.
Cash capital,..........$250,000

HOME LIFE INS. CO,
Of New York
Cash assets,..........$3,500,000

Travelers' Life & Accident Insurance Co.,
Of Hartford, Conn.
Cash assets over..........$1,500,000.

Representing the above first class Insurance Companies, acknowledged to be amongst the best and most reliable in the world, and representing a gross cash capital of nearly $16,000,000, I am enabled to take Insurance to any amount desired. Applications promptly attended to, and Policies written without delay, and at fair rates and liberal terms. *Losses liberally adjusted and promptly aid.* INSURE TO-DAY! By one day's delay you may lose the savings of years. Delays are dangerous, and life uncertain; therefore, Insure to-day! *"One to-day, is worth two to-morrows."*—Quality, also, is of the utmost importance. The low priced, worthless article, always proves the dearest. The above companies are known to be amongst the best and wealthiest in the world.—"As ye sow that shall you reap."

Grateful for the very liberal patronage already bestowed, I hope—by a strict attention to a legitimate business—not only to merit a continuence of the same, but a large increase the present year.

Mr. STEPHEN A. CRAIG is duly authorized to take applications for Insurance and receive the premium for the same in adjoining townships.

CHAS. B. HURST,
Near Depot, Rochester, Pa. [je14;1y.

Railroads.

RAILROADS.—PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY.—Condensed Time Table from December 22, 1872.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	No. 1. Fst Ex	No. 5. Mail.	No. 7 PacEx	No. 3. Nit Ex
Pittsburgh	145AM	600AM	910AM	130PM
Rochester.	252	722	1025	240
Alliance	515	1025	130PM	528
Orrville	631	1219PM	307	708
Mansfield	855	315	509	911
Crestline A	920	400	540	940
Crestline D	940	555AM	600	950
Forest	1105	740	735	1113
Lima	1206PM	900	915	1217AM
Fort Wayne	240	1150	1205AM	315
Plymouth	445	235PM	255	505
Chicago	750	530	650	820

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	No. 8. Mail.	No. 2. Fst Ex	No. 6. PacEx	No. 4. Nit Ex
Chicago	515AM	920AM	530PM	920PM
Plymouth	915	1202PM	855	210AM
Fort Wayne	1220PM	220	1120	600
Lima	245	407	118AM	805PM
Forest	400	508	227	927
Crestline A	535	630	405	1110
Crestline D	600AM	650	415	1130AM
Mansfield	640	719	443	1205PM
Orrville	930	920	637	213
Alliance	1145	1100	825	420
Rochester	250PM	112AM	1043	655
Pittsburgh	400	220	1145AM	800

☞ No. 1 daily except Monday; Nos. 2, 4, 5, 7 & 8, daily, except Sunday; Nos. 3 & 6, daily.
F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.
On and after Dec. 22, 1872, trains will leave Stations daily (Sundays excepted) as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP's.	ACCOM
Cleveland	830AM	155PM	400PM
Hudson	943	302	518
Ravenna	1015	333	548
Alliance	1110	418	635
Bayard	1144	444	
Wellsville	110PM	600	
Pittsburgh	340	820	

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP's.	ACCOM
Pittsburgh	630AM	115PM	
Wellsville	855	340	
Bayard	1030	453	
Alliance	1125	517	725AM
Ravenna	1212PM	555	815
Hudson	1245	620	900
Cleveland	155	720	1015

Leaves.	Arrives.
Bayard 12:10 & 500 p. m.	N Philad. 3:00 & 730 p.m.
N.Phila. 6:40a.m. & 1pm.	Bayard 9:45 a.m.&4 p.m.

RIVER DIVISION.
GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	ACCOM	MAIL.	EXP's	ACCOM
Bellair	545AM	1050AM	335PM	....
Bridgeport	555	1100	345	....
Steubenville	657	1212PM	445	....
Wellsville	815	135	620	....
Rochester	930	235	715	....
Pittsburgh	1040	340	820	....

GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP'S.	ACCOM	ACCOM
Pittsburgh	620AM	115PM	425PM	
Rochester	740	220	530	
Wellsville	850	320	700	
Steubenville	950	420	800	
Bridgeport	1100	525	905	
Bellair	1110	540	920	

F. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

Manufacturers.

J. B. SNEAD
Has now in operation a new
SAW AND PLANING MILL
IN FREEDOM, PA.,
Having the latest improved machinery for the manufacture of
FLOORING SIDING LATH, &C. &C.,
and is now prepared to attend to the building and repairing of
Steamboats, Barges, Flats, &c., &c.

Keeping constantly on hand a superior quality of Lumber. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. All orders promptly executed. [aug2-1y

WILLIAM MILLER,------JACOB TRAX,
PLANING MILL.
MILLER & TRAX,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
ressed Lumber,
SASH, DOORS, SHUTTERS, SIDING, FLOORING, MOULDINGS, &c

Scroll Sawing and Turning
DONE TO ORDER,

ORDERS BY MAIL RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED, AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Mill Opposite the Railroad Station,
ROCHESTER, PENN'A.
april 19 '71; 1y

Brighton Paper Mills,
BEAVER FALLS, PENN'A,
PRINTING,
MANNILLA,
ROOFING, BAILING,
Hardware, Glass, Straw.
RAG AND CARPET
PAPERS,
MANUFACTURED
And Sold At
Wholesale & Retail by
Frazier, Metzger & Co.,
82 Third Avenue,
PITTSBURGH
☞ Rags taken in exchange. [sep19;'69

Boots and Shoes.

REMOVAL.
GILL & BRO.
WHOLESALE
Boot & Shoe House,
Have removed to the
NEW, LARGE & ELEGANT FOUR-STORY
IRON FRONT WAREHOUSE,
No. 253 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURG,H PA.
5 Doors from Head of Wood Street,

And are now receiving one of the largest Spring stocks ever brought to this market. An examination solicited by all buyers before purchasing elsewhere. All goods sold at

THE LOWEST EASTERN RATES.
mar5-3m

Executor's Notice.

Estate of Andrew McMillin, Deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Andrew McMillin, late of New Brighton, Beaver county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present the same without delay to
D. McCALLISTER, *Executor,*
BRIDGEWATER, PA.
Post-office address—
Care of Mrs. S. A. McMILLIN,
New Brighton, Pa., or
mar26-6w] Box 1316, Pittsburgh, Pa.

New Advertisements.

Landreth's Warranted Garden Seeds

Have spoken their own praise for upwards of three quarters of a century.

Orders from DEALERS, MARKET GARDENERS or PRIVATE FAMILIES, will be filled promptly and forwarded by Mail or Express.

H. P. SCHWARTZ & CO.,
113 *FEDERAL STREET,*
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA
apr16-1m

WALL PAPERS.
The handsomest and cheapest in
PITTSBURGH, ARE SOLD BY
W. P. MARSHALL,
191 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
apr16-4w

ALLEGHENY MUSIC HOUSE,
127 Federal Street.
CARL LETTER,
DEALER IN
PIANOS and ORGANS
And Musical Goods in general.
SOLE AGENT FOR THE
UNRIVALED SILVER TONGUE ORGANS,
Manufactured by E. P. Needham & Son, N. Y.
SOLD ON EASY TERMS.
J. J. BENITS, TRAVELING AGENT.
apr16-4w

NEW CARETS.
A Very Large Stock
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
CARPETS.
Oil Cloths, &c.
LOW PRICED CARPETS,
Of every kind,
WHOLESALE and RETAIL.
HENRY McCALLUM,
21 FIFTH AVENUE,
(Near Wood Street.)
PITTSBURG PA.
sep18;1y

Clothing for Men,
Clothing for Boys,
CLOTHING for CHILDREN.

Fine Dress Suits,	20, 24, 25, 27, and $30.
Business Suits, - -	14, 15, 18, and $20.
All Wool Scotch Suits, -	13, 15, and $20.
Boy's Suits, - - - -	8.50 to $15.00.
Children's Suits, - - -	4.00 to $12.00.
Men's Working Suits, -	10 to $12.00.
Jean Pants - - - -	2.00, 2.50 $2.75.

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The Celebrated Hathaway Shirt,
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All of which will be sold 20 PER CENT. LESS than other Dealers.

BOSTON
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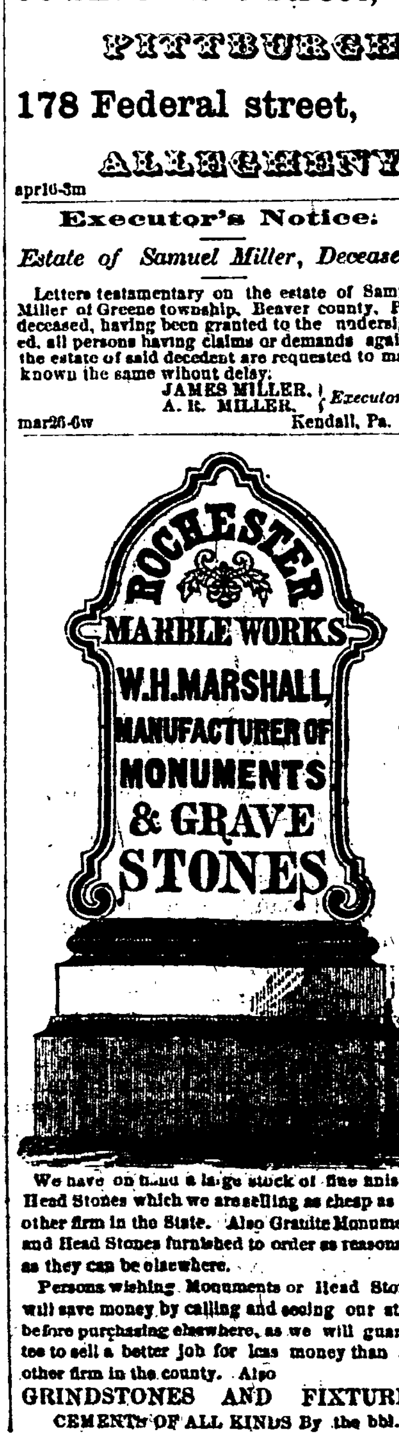
ALLEGHENY.
apr16-3m

Executor's Notice.

Estate of Samuel Miller, Deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Samuel Miller of Greene township, Beaver county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent are requested to make known the same without delay.
JAMES MILLER, } *Executors.*
A. R. MILLER, }
mar26-6w Kendall, Pa.



We have on hand a large stock of fine finished Head Stones which we are selling as cheap as any other firm in the State. Also Granite Monuments and Head Stones furnished to order as reasonable as they can be elsewhere.

Persons wishing Monuments or Head Stones will save money by calling and seeing our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we will guarantee to sell a better job for less money than any other firm in the county. Also

GRINDSTONES AND FIXTURES,
CEMENTS OF ALL KINDS By the bbl.
mar12-6m

SELECT MISCELLANY.

HOW THE COUNTERFEITER'S GANG WAS BROKEN UP.

BY AN OLD DETECTIVE.

It was during the year 1851 that I took a trip down the Mississippi as far as New Orleans. There I chanced to fall in with a certain wealthy planter, by the name of Bramley. Our acquaintance commenced in this wise:

I was out quite late one evening, when upon turning a corner of the streets, I came upon two men, who, having seized and gagged a third, were busy rifling his person and valuables. Hastily drawing my revolver, I was upon them in an instant, but at sight of me they turned and fled with great dispatch.

I then hastened to the assistance of their victim, and soon discovered the extent of his injuries to consist of a very unceremonious stoppage and the loss of his watch and pocketbook. He expressed a much greater degree of gratitude than my slight service warranted, and with true southern hospitality, insisted that I should, next day, return with him to his plantation, which lay a distance of some forty miles out from the city.

Being at leisure, I willingly accepted his proposal, and early the next morning we set out on horseback for Villa Rosa, the name of my friend's country seat.

On the way he again broached the subject of the evening's re-encounter, and informed me that such events were now of frequent occurence throughout that section of the country as well as within the city limits.

There was believed to be a dangerous organization leagued together for the purpose of enriching themselves by unlawful means; but so skilfully had they carried out their felonious designs that not one of their number had, as yet, been apprehended or secured by the police.

I was naturally much interested, and drew out all the information possessed by my host, though without arousing the least suspicion as to any professional motive.

This organization consisted of free booters and cut throats, who were also suspected as being counterfeiters, tho' there was no actual proof of this last accusation. Despite, however, their many known offences, they eluded the grasp of the law with eel-like lubricity. Their number, their places of rendezvous, and even the person of their leader were unanswerable queries in the mind of Justice.

"But why," I inquired, "do you not obtain the services of a good detective, have this matter ferreted out, and thus save yourselves much personal inconvenience, danger and alarm?"

"We have already done so," was the reply. "Our best detectives are completely nonplussed. Rewards are offered to the amount of three thousand dollars, but all in vain. But ah! Here comes one of our neighbors—the richest planter in the countryf and one most active in all measures for the apprehension of these scoundrelly banditti. Senor Gondoza, good morning. My friend, Mr. P——n, Senor Manuel Gondoza."

A tall, dark, Spanish looking gentleman reigned in a black steed, and lifted his hat courteously in response to the introduction.

"I passed your villa on my way out," he said, addressing my companion, "and learned from your charming daughter that I should probably meet you on the road."

"For which pleasure you must thank Mr. P——n," replied Bramley, laughing. "I was foolish enough to be out rather late last evening, with considerable money about my person, and, as a return for my carelessness, was set upon by a couple of prowling thieves, and finally rescued by this gentleman, tho' not until watch and purse were in their possession.

Gondoza's black brows met in a heavy frown.

"The rascally plunderers," he muttered, half under his breath. "I will go immediately to New Orleans," he continued, in a louder tone. "I will set the authorities at work, and recover, if possible, your stolen property."

"I fear your efforts will be useless," was Mr. Bramley's reply. "I was just telling P——n how you have spared neither time nor expense in your efforts to discover these lawless villains."

Gondoza threw a restless glance into my countenance.

"Mr. P——n," he said, musingly, your name seems strangely familiar. I must surely have heard it before!"

"There is, I believe," I said carelessly, "a detective, of some notoriety in the Western States, of the same name as myself. However, I have never had the pleasure of meeting him."

"Ah, that is where I heard the name," he responded quickly. "He was recommended to me for the present case, and I had a strong idea of getting him down. Are you a relative of his?"

"Not that I am aware of," I replied, coolly, flickering a gnat from my horses ear with the point of my riding whip. With another penetrating glance at me, he again lifted his hat, saying:

"Adieu, gentleman, I must be going on my way."

And away darted the black charger with his graceful rider.

I found Mr. Bramley a man of both culture and refinement, and he beguiled the way of its tediousness by his fine conversational powers.

Arriving at Villa Rosa, I found that it merited the name. There were roses everywhere, just at the season of full blume. I was introduced to a charming family, and enjoyed their hospitality for three days. At the end of that time I bade my reluctant host a cordial adieu, and set out on my return to the city. A slight indisposition prevented his accompanying me, but he gave me one of his saddle horses to ride, and sent a groom to bring back the animal when I was done using.

However, I had other aims in view than riding about the country for the pleasure of sight seeing.

The groom was an intelligent young negro, possessing more than average shrewdness. I also found that he was acquainted with the different localities, in all the region around and about. I decided that he would be a most valuable assistant in the furtherance of a certain scheme which I contemplated hazarding. This scheme as you may have imagined, was no other than tracking down the prevailing depredation to their primitive source.

My first procedure on reaching the city, was to hold an interview with the chief of police.

Two hours thereafter I was ready to start out on my self-appointed mission. Isaac, the young negro was anxious to accompany me. For several reasons I had judged it more prudent to leave the horses behind us, and pursue our researches on foot. We were both in disguise. I was dressed in a suit of plain, dark clothes, of the commonest texture; a long haired black wig covered my head, with a shaggy beard to match concealed the lower part of my face; some crow's-feet marked about the eyes, completely changed the character of my countenance, making me appear a much older man than I really was; a broad rimmed hat completed my costume.

A little skill 'made up,' and a natural aptitude for mimicry, transformed Isaac into a bent and aged negro, whose pepper and salt wool and shambling gait coupled with his dilapidated clothing, raised a mocking laugh at his expense, as we passed through the busy streets—he laboriously insinuating himself over the pavement, tugging at my carpet-sack.

I will pass over the peregrinations of the first two days. The evening of the third found us traversing a stretch of timber, aside from the beaten highway and en route for a place known as Boggs' Tavern, where I had learned from Isaac that considerable numbers of suspicious characters were in the habit of congregating. Twilight was rapidly falling around us. Steadily we pursued our way, the silence broke only by the hoot of an owl, the howl of a distant wolf, or the chirp of a bird. Presently we came upon a clearing, in the center of which stood a large, unprepossessing building. There were lights in the lower rooms, and I could hear the sound of numerous voices.

"This," explained Isaac, "is Boggs' tavern."

Entering we found ourselves in an ill furnished room, lighted by tallow dips, the air redolent of bad gin and worse tobacco. Knots of rough looking fellows sat playing with greasy cards at sundry small deal tables. They looked up as we entered, but directly resumed their occupation.

An exceeding red-faced man made his appearance behind the bar, with the characteristic salutation:

"Evening, stranger!"

After calling for supper and lodging, I took a chair, and sat looking over the card tables. It struck me as being rather suspicious to see so many men assembled together in such an out-of-the way place.

The company were very jovial—laughing, swearing, smoking and supping their grog. They occasionally favored us with a passing glance, but paid no further attention.

Soon supper was announced, and the landlord waited upon me out to the table. Assuming an awkward attempt at being confidential, I button-holed him outside the bar room door.

"Now, landlord," I said, displaying a lean pocketbook, "I'll do the fair thing by you! I'm pretty nigh 'dead broke,' but I ain't no 'beat' and want you to know the facts before hand.—I've got enough to pay for supper and lodging, maybe, if you ain't too steep, but you needn't give me more than my money will pay for!"

"Well, you are an odd one, by Jove!" ejaculated the landlord, approvingly.

"Most of 'em calls for the best, and pays for what they can't help. Just you sit down, lay too, and fill up, and we won't quarrel about prices in the morning."

So Isaac went to the kitchen; I sat down at the table, and being really hungry, 'laid to,' and made a hearty meal.

Soon after eating, I signified my readiness to retire, and the landlord led the way to a sleeping room above, where a pallet had already been spread on the floor for Isaac.

Confident that, after my artfully-played 'poverty dodge,' I need not fear being disturbed by any of the reckless party below, I pulled off my boots, and was just about to lie down and take a little rest—for it was yet early in the evening, and I should lose nothing by taking the much needed repose.

I barely composed myself for a nap, when I heard a horse hurriedly ridden up to the door, and a bustle of entrance below. I crept out of bed, and softly opened the door, and stole into an adjoining apartment, which was situated directly over the barroom we had just quitted. By good luck, I chanced upon a knot-hole in a board of the flooring, through which I could command a perfect view of the apartment below.

My heart bounded into my mouth when, in the person of the new-comer, I recognized Senor Manuel Gondoza.—Yes, there he was, apparently on terms of the greatest familiarity with the offscourings accumulated in Boggs' tavern; he, the rich planter, and high-toned gentleman!"

"Any stranger here, Boggs?" he inquired of the landlord.

"Two—a man and an old darkie; but they're both abed, and asleep by this time."

"Very well, I want supper; must be off directly.

The landlord bustled out to attend to his order, while Gondoza returned to the company.

"Well my lads, what luck? How goes the 'queer?"

"All right, cap'n!" 'Slick and easy!' Everything's lovely!" were the general replies.

"Good!" was the approving response "How about——?" and he jerked his thumb significantly in the direction of our lodging. "Try it on?"

"No," replied the principal spokesman; "poor trash! would'nt pay; Boggs'll tell you all about it."

"Don't suspect anything, do they, eh?"

"Nary time! 'Flats'—they' be green! Never you fear, cap'n."

"Well, friends, be on your guard."

At these words each man made a peculiar sign. After this I heard super announced, and saw Gondoza disappear in the direction of the dining-room.

He reappeared shortly and after making some appointment, in a low tone, which I failed to catch, he went out, followed by the good wishes of the band. A moment after, and I heard the horse's feet galloping off in the direction they had come.

Creeping back to my room, I told Isaac of my discovery.

"Nebber did like dat man nohow!" was his response. "Allers thought he was a chile of de devil!"

Throwing myself on the bed, I gave myself up to thought.

My discovery this evening probably comprehended the entire enigma which was worsting the brains of the country. Still I wished to obtain substantial proofs. I knew that Senor Gondoza was personally at the head of a band of outlaws, from his conversation. I had inferred that they were also the agents employed to distribute counterfeit currency, which of course, he must himself manufacture. I resolved to go immediately to his plantation, and in one disguise or another, spy upon him until I had accomplished my purpose. The enterprise was a difficult, as well as a dangerous one; but difficulty only stimulated me to action, and danger to caution. I fell asleep, to dream that I held Senor Manuel Gondoza on a toasting fork, over the dies, and other implements which are used in manufacturing the 'queer.'

By early sunrise next morning I was in readiness for my venture. Going below, I found the company of the preceeding night had dispersed, and only the landlord in waiting. He looked at me sharply, as he inquired how I rested, but my reply, if he had entertained suspicions, disarmed him of them. He asked which way I was traveling.

"To a place called Mucho en el Suelo," I replied, giving the name of Gondoza's plantation.

"Eh!" he exclaimed, "are you acquainted with the rich Spanish gentleman?"

"Not really acquainted, but going on business."

"Special business?" he asked, exhibiting much interest.

"Yes, especial, private business." I answered.

"You are not one of——?"

I nodded, giving the sign I had seen the evening before.

"Well, I be blowed, if you ain't a close one," was the elegant exclamation. "Why didn't ye tip us a wink before?"

"When I am on important business," I said, "I keep mum, and don't go cronying; I'm just from the city."

"I understand," was Boggs' reply. "He said some one was coming. Got your implements along, I suppose?"

I nodded.

"Wish I'd a'known," said Boggs regretfully. "He's going to start out this evening, to be gone two or three days."

"Here," I exclaimed, with well feigned surprise.

"Yes; you,d better take horses from here, and hurry right along, ye'll get to see him before he goes, he'll see to getting the beasts back."

"It's about thirty miles out there, isn't it?" I asked.

"It's all of that, but put 'em through an' you'll be in time."

I made up my mind to accept the landlord's offer. He refused to take any money from me, and bustled us off with great friendliness. We had gone perhaps a third of the way, when we came upon a man reclining at the foot of a tree by the roadside, sleeping. A square tin box peeped out from under his coat, which was folded under his head. A horse was lariated near, while a suspicious looking bottle just lying in reach of his hand, proclaimed the nature of his slumbers. As we paused, he muttered uneasily: "Coming—Cap'n!"

In an instant I slipped from my horse, and, throwing the bridle to Isaac, proceeded carefully to draw the coat and box from under the sleeper's head. I was confident that this was the expected messenger alluded to in Boggs' conversation. My conjecture proved correct. Searching through the pockets of the coat, I found a letter of introduction, recommending "the bearer" to "Captain M——l G——d——a" as a "brother," "a skillful workman," and "just the man for the berth." The box contained the "implements."

Taking the box and letter, I ordered Isaac to lead the fellow's horse, and thus we proceeded for another third of the way. Meantime, my brain had not been idle. There was now ten miles between myself and "Mucho en el Suelo," and it was impossible to mistake the way. Mounting Isaac on the stranger's horse, I wrote a dispatch to the chief of police, and bade the faithful fellow hasten to deliver it, without an instant's delay on the road. I saw him ride off, then securing my carpet sack and box to the empty saddle, proceeded leisurely toward my destination. It was a part of my calculation to find Senor Gondoza out of the way on my arrival: Boldly at last, leading one horse while I bestrode the other, I drew up before the entrance gate.

The porter recognized the animals, had no hesitation in admitting me. Truly Senor Manuel Gondoza was a man of taste. His grounds were laid out with elegance. Fountains playing into marble basins, groups of statuary, rare shrubbery and trees of beautiful foliage were woven, upon the closely shaven, emerald-velvet lawn, into a scene upon which a lover of beauty might rest his eyes forever.

The dwelling itself was a dazzling white marble, as cold and polished as the villain who tenanted it, and as hard as his own bad heart.

A groom met me at the steps, of whom I enquired if the Senor was within.

I was informed that he had gone an hour before.

"Would he return this evening?"

"No; he was not expected till day after the next."

Thereupon I dismounted in great pretense of ill-humor, ordered the horses to be stabled until his return, and walked familiarly up the steps, meeting in the doorway, as I soon discovered the gentleman's own valet.

"Well, sir," I said, "I learned that your master was away, just when I am come to see him on most important business. I have a letter for him, as you will see, which ought to be in his hands immediately. How unfortunate that I do not find him at home. Do you think a fleet horse could overtake him?"

"Impossible!" returned the man, much impressed by my address. He rode the fleetest in the stable, and, being in haste, is far beyond recall by this time."

"Well, I suppose I must make the best of it, and await his return," I said, moodily frowning and knawing my beard—which last performance seemed to strike the keen valet in a most favorable light. He was certain, despite my plain garb, that I was a visitor of importance, and made haste to treat me accordingly.

I was furnished a pleasant apartment, and a well cooked dinner was speedily served for me.

After dinner I smoked a cigar, and pumped the valet without ever guessing it. I discovered that all the servants, with the exception of himself, slept in a remote wing of the house. I found out, also, which were Gondoza's own apartments.

The rest of the house was shown me by the servant, who was exceedingly proud of his master's splendor.

I secretly made a plan of the interior, that I might judge if there were secret chambers, but decided that there were none unless adjoining his own; and of these the faithful valet carried the keys in his belt, and vouchsafed me not so much as a glance.

At nearly the time for retiring I ordered some wine, which he brought up to my apartment.

I asked him to join me in a glass to the health of his master.

Calling his attention for a moment aside, I slipped a powder into one of the glasses, which I immediately gave him, filled with wine; then, by some pretext, I contrived to keep him until the portion began to work.

Directly he began to complain of drowsiness.

"Bless me!" I exclaimed, "It's more wine you need to enliven you up. Go down stairs, lock up for the night, and then come back and help me finish my bottle. I find you excellent company."

Highly flattered, he hastened to do my bidding, and presently I had him nodding in his chair, under the influence of wine, the potion and a very stupid anecdote with which I lulled his drowsy faculties.

When he was soundly asleep I abstracted from his belt the keys of the Senor's apartments, and locking my own, proceeded on my tour of exploration.

There was no one stirring in the long corridor as I effected an entrance into the ante room of the Senor's own private suite.

Locking myself in, I carefully arranged the window hangings that no chance ray of light might penetrate them to reveal the presence of an intruder, and then began examination.

The suite, consisting of sitting room, bed chamber and bath room, was furnished with that magnificence of which their occupant was so prodigal. Every elegant toilet appointment was there, but no evidence of what I sought.

Consulting my plan of the dwelling, I found a space, corresponding in size to the bath room, for which there appeared no account. Here, then, must be a secret apartment, where, safe from all prying eyes, the master might bury his guilty secret.

A close examination convinced me the entrance to this must be through the bed chamber. The walls of this apartment were ornamented with panels of elaborate workman-ship, the centre of each being an exquisite painting. I found that one of those panels yielded slightly at my touch. I renewed my exertions, and was rewarded by seeing the panels slide back, revealing the object of my Dies, plates, presses and engraver's tools were lying in confusion about the secret chamber while some fair samples of the spurious currency bespoke their successful use.

After taking notes, I appropriated some of the counterfeit money, came out, closed the panel and returned to my apartment. I replaced the keys on the valet's person, and throwing myself upon a lounge, slept soundly until morning.

Just as I awoke, I saw the valet rubbing open his eyes.

"Hello, my friend!" I called; "that good old wine must have been a little too much for us last night, eh? Here we both are in yesterday's clothes, and none the better for having neglected our beds."

Becoming awake, the poor fellow looked sheepish enough. I reassured him, however.

"Come! come!" I said; "your master shall not hear of this. We'll take a morning glass to our better discretion hereafter.

The forenoon wore away, and after dinner, feeling listless and drowsy, I threw myself down on a settee in the lower gallery, crushed my hat over my eyes, and fell fast asleep.

"Well sir, you seem to be making yourself at home. Pray what have you to say to me?"

I opened my eyes, and the cool, handsome, evil face of Manuel Gondoza gazed inquiringly into mine. I instantly comprehended the situation. Counterfeiting amazement, I exclaimed:

"Good Heavens! I have napped like Rip Van Winkle, unless, perhaps, your excellency has returned sooner than was expected."

"I have returned sooner than was expected," was the cool reply. "My servant tells me you have business with me."

"Yes, your excellency," I returned, giving the signal, "I have a letter for your excellency, and—perhaps it would be better if our interview be strictly a private one."

"Certainly; this way."

And the senor led the way into his library. He bade me be seated; but handing him the letter, I remained standing, respectfully.

"H—m! This is well," he said, after reading the paper. You have your tools with you!"

"Please your excellency, they are in the apartment where I slept last night. "I have some curiosity to examine them," he returned, "as my friend tells me they are an improvement upon those I have been using.

"I will bring them immediately," I answered. "No need to call a servant," for I saw he was about to ring a bell.

"Very well," he replied, thoughtfully.

I ran up to my apartment, got the box, and some unaccountable impulse sent me to the window. There, just coming across the grounds, in close conversation with the porter, I saw the man I had robbed under the roadside tree.

This very materially hastened matters. Wrenching open my carpet sack, I provided myself with some necessary articles and hastened back to the library. I placed my box before Senor Manuel, and at a moment when his attention was fully occupied with its contents, I noislessly drew from my pocket a pair of handcuffs, and slipped them upon his wrists. Then holding the but of a revolver close to his temple, I said, sternly:

"Give one word of alarm, and that instant you are a dead man!"

His face turned as colorless as that of a corpse, while his eyes gleamed like coals of living fire.

"Traitor!" on whose authority do you thus insult me in my own house?" he asked, in tones quivering with passion.

"On the authority," I replied, "of the Government of these United States. I arrest you on charges of leading a band of outlaws, and of gaining a livelihood by theft, murder and—counterfeiting. Allow me," and I quickly disarmed him.

"I have been betrayed!" he exclaimed, wildly. "Base hounds, who among them has done this cowardly thing?"

"If it be any satisfaction," I answered, "know that none of your band had aught to do with this. You have not been betrayed; yet I know all your secrets, even to the sliding panel in your bed chamber, and the secret chamber beyond."

He gasped for breath, and shivered like an ague.

"And you are—" he asked.

"P——n, the detective?" was my suave reply, as, tearing off my disguise, I stood revealed before him.

There came a knock at the door, and the voice of the valet without. I pressed the pistol firmly upon his temple, and whispered, hurriedly:

"Tell him you are busy, and must not be disturbed. Tell him in English, and depart, one iota from your usual manner, and I send a bullet through your brain!"

Cold perspiration bedewed his forehead as he obeyed my command and gave the order. Then we heard retreating steps. The man was fearfully shaken: "yet, rallying, he strove to assume an air of mockery.

"Have you any objection to informing me what is to be the next act of this little drama?"

"The next act!" I responded, cooly, "will be the delivery of yourself, with certain damning proofs of your guilt, into the hands of justice."

"And this you purpose to accomplish alone, and single handed."

"No", not by means but by a squad of police, whom I am momentarily expecting." His countenance turned an ashy hue—he writhed and twisted in his bonds in paroxyism of rage and fear.

"Water!" he gasped.

Turning hastily, I poured out a glass from a pitcher at my side. For an instant I was off my guard. Springing from his seat, with a fearful imprecation, he struck me down with both manacled hands. My pistol fell from my hands. I lay half stunned by the blow. Snatching the pistol, he aimed full in my face and pulled the trigger—it missed fire! and the ball, just grazing the tip of my ear, buried itself in the wall beyond.

"Eternal curses on you!" he cried, wildly. "Is your vile carcass bullet proof?"

Again he aimed—the door was suddenly opened and in an instant the room swarmed with blue coated myrmidons of the law led by my faithful Isaac.

Turning the weapon against his own breast, the guilty Spaniard fell a corpse by my side.

Justice took its course, and thus was broken up one of the most noted bands of desperadoes which ever infested the region of the Crescent City.

—A Scotch lady has this year destroyed $5,000 worth of wine in her cellar, on principle, but a great many persons with no principle at all have destroyed more than that.

THE BEAVER ARGUS

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Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To insure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author.

Letters and communications should be addressed to WEYAND & TRIEBER, Beaver, Pa.

The Beaver Argus.

J. WEYAND, - - - - - - - - Editor.

Beaver, Pa., April 30, 1873.

GEN. JAMES R. MCCORMICK, ex-Congressman from the IVth Missouri District, has presented his back pay to Arcadia College in that State. The secret of this generosity is thus given by *The St. Louis Democrat:* "The joke of the whole thing is that by 'donating' $5,000 to the college, the worthy ex-Congressman collected a debt which the institution owed him, and which it is probable he could not have obtained in any other way."

◆

THE Chambersburg *Repository* (Rep.) concludes an article on the doings of the last Legislature in these words:

> If the people have not become hopeless and dismayed beyond recovery by this betrayal of their interests they may still derive some benefit from the last legislature. The remedy is in their hands. The constitutional convention is called to prevent just such evils as we have depicted. It has exhibited the will to do it, and to submit to the people such restrictions upon legislation as will, if accepted, rescue us from the power of corrupt rings. The striking example we have just had should inspire the people with determination to ratify the most stringent constitutional restrictions to legislation that the convention may submit. Corruption belongs to no one party, but has invaded all; and should be met by the people regardless of party but aroused for the safety of their institutions.

◆

CHAS. A. DANA, of the New York *Sun*, has not a very exalted opinion of those Americans, who by hook or crook, are going to the Vienna Exposition. He says nearly all who are steering in that direction from the United States are notorious "loafers, bummers and dead beats." If Dana is right in his classification of the persons who are on the wing for the Austrian capital, those who are left behind ought to be thankful that the Exposition was conceived. It takes an element from our country, for four or five months at least, which we can very well spare. If that element could only be induced to prolong its stay from this country, we have no doubt but that it would result in the country's good.

◆

THERE is no little inquiry just now after the facts touching the way the $6,000 item to defray the expenses of the Commissioners to Vienna, got into the general appropriation bill. A Pittsburg contemporary explains the matter in this way:

> It appears that Senators Wallace, Rutan, and our own Graham, represented the Senate in the Joint Committee of Conference of the two Houses, which met to settle conflicting views in reference to the general appropriation bill, and while so acting introduced an entirely new section appropriating $6,000 to pay the expenses of three Commissioners to the Vienna Exposition, to be appointed by the Governor; and it further appears that Governor Hartranft in pursuance of this section so improperly injected into the bill, and under no other authority, selected Senators Graham, Rutan, and Davis to be the three fortunate commissioners.

◆

THROUGH the official catalogue of the American Department of the Vienna Exposition, it is seen that Pennsylvania has forty contributors at the Fair. A number of these reside in western Pennsylvania, but the great bulk of them belong to Philadelphia. The Governor of this State has appointed ten or twelve commissioners to the Exposition, but all pay their own expenses, save and except Messrs. Graham, Rutan, and Davis. These gentlemen got up the law authorizing their own appointment, and were sharp enough to so fix matters that the State must provide them with all the pin-money needed during their absence. That's an advantage a law-maker has over the people. Therefore, who wouldn't be a law-maker?

◆

BRICELAND, the Allingham murderer, who escaped from the Washington jail, a few evenings ago, was recaptured and brought back to his old quarters on last Saturday morning, having been caught in a haymow near Colliers station in West Va. He is said to have suffered greatly from cold and a want of food during his absence, and really seemed rather pleased to get back to his prison home again. Ever since his trial grave doubts have been entertained concerning his guilt and much sympathy has been expressed for him. Since his re-capture, this sympathy has been measurably increased, and many persons of prominence and influence in that region are now interesting themselves in his behalf, and the probabilities are that he will be pardoned by the Governor of the State.

◆

A LETTER from Congressman Frye of Maine is published concerning the effects of the Maine Liquor Law, and his statements are endorsed by the entire Congressional delegation of that State. The following are its important portions: "I can and do, from my own personal observation, unhesitatingly affirm that the consumption of intoxicating liquors in Maine is not to-day one-fourth as great as it was 20 years ago; that, in the country portions of the State, the sale and use have almost entirely ceased; that the law of itself, under a vigorous enforcement of its provisions, has created a temperance sentiment which is marvelous, and to which opposition is powerless. In my opinion our remarkable temperance reform of to-day is the legitimate child of the law."

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THE general indignation expressed all over the State, by both press and people in reference to the "Vienna steal," has induced the belief that Senator Graham at least, will decline to draw the $2,000 appropriated by the Legislature to defray his expenses to Vienna and back. No *little* appropriation, of which we have any knowledge, was ever looked upon with such universal disgust as this one. Men and women of all parties and classes characterize it as the meanest, pettiest robbing they ever witnessed. If therefore in deference to this public sentiment Mr. Graham seeks to correct his mistake by refusing to pocket his share of the spoils, that much will have been accomplished at least by a vigorous protest from the newspapers and taxpayers of the State. Then let the protesting go on until Messrs Rutan and Davis are likewise brought to a realizing sense of the fitness of things, and become so ashamed of their conduct, that they too, will pay their own expenses while seeking health and pleasure abroad.

REV. T. K. CREE, the secretary of the Board of Indian Commissioners furnishes some interesting facts touching the strength of the Modoc Indians with whom we are now at "war," and the character of the country which they inhabit. Mr. Cree, who has been in that vicinity says that one year ago, according to actual count, there were but 258 persons belonging to the tribe, men, women and children included. Of the place of their retreat he says: "The Lava Beds, which are the home and country of the Modocs, is a hundred miles square, and 10,000 United States troops could not surround it or prevent the escape of thi seventy warriors under Captain Jack, who is acquainted with all the passes and places of concealment. The Lava Beds have never been explored. The Modocs have traversed them thousands of times and it is their country. The Lava Beds are full of streams choking with fish, and there are fine grazing tracts in which the Modocs have concealed their beef cattle."

Inasmuch as nothing decisive has yet been accomplished by our troops there, in the way of capturing the savages or exterminating them, we are inclined to believe that Mr. Cree's description of the country is not overdrawn, and that it will take time, skill and treasure, to catch or kill the murderers of General Canby, and his companion.

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A PHILADELPHIA OPINION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

The evening *Bulletin*, which is a strict party disciplinarian, and frequently assumes to call others to account for too closely criticising the acts of official bodies controlled by Republican majorities, thus speaks of the last Legislature:

> It is a deplorable commentary upon Republican institutions that the adjournment of the Legislature should be annually hailed by the people as an unspeakable blessing. In theory, the Legislature consists of experienced and honorable men selected by the community to regulate the complicated public interests of a vast and wealthy commonwealth, a dignified assemblage to which are entrusted the weightiest concerns of four millions of freemen. In practice, it consists largely of men who neglect the duties which they are sworn to discharge, busy themselves with pillaging, under forms of law, the pockets of their constituents. No right is so sacred, no interest so important, but that some of these wretched and degraded men are ready to sell it to the highest bidder. Everything that we have is at their mercy, and when they have adjourned we feel thankful that they have not wrought us greater mischief; that it has not occurred to some speculator to purchase from them more of our rights and liberties. While they are in session the people feel as if under the heel of some conquering army, issuing requisitions, at its pleasure and plundering as the caprice of the moment may dictate. When they have adjourned we draw a deep breath, and begin to look around to see what has been stolen and what has been left, although until the confused legislation of the last week of the session is ravelled out, no one can tell what interest may not have been assailed, or what right may not have been destroyed.
>
> Perhaps the worst aspect of the case lies in the fact that the people have not the consolation of feeling that it is not their own fault. Our institutions, theoretically, are admirable; but they have been allowed to become corrupt, and to pass, to a great extent, into the hands of the most reckless and the vilest. Men whom no one would trust with a five dollar note, are often voted for and placed in positions where they hold at their mercy the great city of Philadelphia, with its thousand millions of accumulated wealth. That they should succumb to this overpowering temptation, is not their fault, for they act only after their kind. It is theirs, who, by supineness and indifference, expose them to it.

There is something terrible in a confession like the above. It describes a condition in public affairs well calculated to arouse the apprehension of the most indifferent; but where can we find the remedy for the evil, when those most honored are they who are most guilty in these acts of villainy?

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THE *Nation*, one of the ablest as well as one of the most honest Republican papers of the country, "sees something coming," and sounds its note of warning in a long article, in its issue of last Friday. We clip as follows:

> One of the greatest dangers, in our opinion, that threatens the Republican party at the present time is the loss of its newspapers. In whatever direction we turn, we find that the newspapers that formerly stood by and sustained the party have either assumed an attitude of hostility or are cold and indifferent toward it. The party could easily afford to lose some of the journals above mentioned. The *Tribune* is, to be sure, a severe loss to the party, one which thus far has not been supplied, and is not likely to be. The *Times* had the chance to be all to the Republican party the old *Tribune* was, but it missed the opportunity. The success that attended it in the late campaign was entirely fortuitous.
>
> The party can win against these journals in future campaigns as it won in the last one. But there is no use in denying that other journals of lesser influence and reputation are following their example, and arraying themselves in hostility against the party. We are no advocates of strict party discipline, either so far as the public journals or party nominations are concerned. On the contrary, we believe in a very wide latitude of opinion and of action; but the newspaper symptoms at the present time indicate something more than the mere waywardness of individual caprice and captiousness. It is plain to any one who even pays the slightest attention to the subject that the Republican party is losing its newspapers day by day, and for the most obvious reasons in the world.

These comments suggest to *the Nation* a problem and its solution:

> The question is, how can the Republican citizens stop the maladministration of Republican leaders without throwing the Government into more unscrupulous hands? Of course, no party can maintain itself with the whole intelligent press of the country for three years arrayed against it: and when once the press adopts a policy and meets with opposition, it is not apt to be over-moderate in its counsels. It is not easy to predict what shape the movement will assume, nor to foretell at what point it will be willing to halt, but if the editorial statement we have quoted from an Administration paper be true, then it is certain that a movement has begun, spontaneous, unforeseen, long before a Presidential election, and on the heels of a disastrous defeat, which is laying the broadest and strongest foundation for a future party, by drawing to itself the sympathy, if not the support, of the entire intelligence of the people.

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THE report which has gone forth that Senator Caldwell of Kansas was received on his return home with expressions of undoubted faith in his purity by the citizens of Leavenworth excites the indignation of *The Leavenworth Times*, which declares that the attempt "to represent that our citizens turned out in large numbers, and cordially received a man who had been chased out of the United States Senate for known complicity in a score of disgraceful bribery transactions, is neither decent nor just. The people of Leavenworth are quite willing that Mr. Caldwell should sink unharmed into obscurity, but are unwilling to be dragged into an indorsement of his guilty career. A public reception of Mr. Caldwell would be received almost as an open and outspoken indorsement of political corruption. Leavenworth does not desire, and neither does she deserve, a reputation of that sort." All of which is extremely creditable to Leavenworth.

HERE AND THERE.

—There are now one hundred and twenty five thousand members of the order of Knights of Pythias.

—The San Francisco *Alta* is responsible for the story that a Nevada lawyer had as a client a man accused of murder, and that the principal witness in his favor being his wife, who was incapacitated from giving testimony by reason of her relation to him, he got the murder trial postponed, brought suit for divorce in her behalf and secured it, and then triumphantly placed her on the stand to secure the acquittal of her husband.

—A St. Louis romance is in the lives of a Mr. Hennessey and Charity Prince, who fifty years ago and more, when both were young, loved each other. But Charity's charming sister came between them, and, estranged from his first love, he married Carrie. Recently Carrie died, and Mr. Hennessy once more turned to his first love, who, continually, during all the long half century, had been true to him. A few days ago they were married, and the bride wept for joy a whole day. He is eighty and she seventy-eight.

—The Cleveland *Herald* has a frightfully disrespectful way of speaking of Rev. Mr. Newman, late Chaplain of the U. S. Senate, and recently appointed "Inspector of Consulates." It says:

> "He has cut into the fat pretty well. He has been around Washington so long that stealing has lost its terrors. Such proceedings are disgraceful, and the cut or color of a man's coat should not protect him from being called by the right name—political sucker."

—The Washington *Chronicle* summarily extinguishes a department clerk who complained that Congressmen increased their own pay and not that of the department employees, by reminding him that "if any clerk or other employee of the Government regards his compensation as too small he has only to tender his resignation." Let's see how the rule would work the other way. If any member of Congress regards his compensation as too small he has only to tender his resignation. How would that do? There would be no lack of aspirants for the vacancy.—*Buffalo Express.*

—Brooklin gossips have a first-class case of scandal to talk about, involving Thomas Kinsella, a member of the last Congress and editor of the Brooklyn *Eagle*, and the wife of Thomas Fields, superintendent of public schools for the city—a position which he secured through Kinsella's efforts. The other afternoon, Mr. Kinsella and Mrs. Fields met at a hotel on the Coney Island road, but they had not been long together before Mrs. Kinsella appeared on the scene, and made things so exceedingly lively for the superintendent's wife—both by tongue and fist— that she was exceedingly glad to beat a retreat.

—In the awful struggle for life on the wrecked Atlantic, one lady, a saloon passenger, was heard to say to her husband, "Leave me and save yourself. You can't save both." But he refused, and they went down together, clasped in each other's arms. And it has since become a subject of much remark that with few exceptions, all married men perished. When they found it impossible to save their wives and little ones, they preferred to die with them to deserting them. Many instances are known where the men could have escaped alone, but refused to do so. Which leads one to take new hope for the morals of our times.

—Well, the Sultan is a luxurious Prince, and no mistake. Not satisfied with his pipes and other comforts, he indulges himself, it appears, in a female physician—"Miss Mary L. Wadsworth, daughter of Titus V. Wadsworth, of Franklin, N. H.," who was graduated from Mt. Holyoke Seminary, studied medicine in Philadelphia, practiced her profession four years in Springfield, Mass., and went to Constantinople three years ago to prescribe for the Turks in general, and as it now appears, for the Grand Turk, and his interesting family in particular. We should be almost afraid to take the heroic doses which such an astonishingly energetic woman would be likely to give; but we suppose the Sultan submits to his fate with the resignation of a good child.

—We read of a marriage in Tolleston, Ind., which is utterly prudent according to the French notions of matrimony. Six weeks ago Amasa Tobbit (72 years old) and Jane Griggs (86 years old) found themselves miserable and lonely. Both were too old to work and neither had enough to live upon comfortably. Together they possessed about $4,000. They pondered upon the best thing to do, and concluded that it was for them to get married, and married they were. It was a plain business transaction: there were no flames, no raptures, no passionate declarations, but they were married all the same. One or the other of them will probably die in the course of a year or two, and then the survivor will take the property. A very pretty arrangement indeed.

—Englishmen are certainly more given to loving and leaving than Americans:—for one breach of promise case in our courts there are five in English ones. The last is an action against a young wine-merchant named M'Ostrich. Not deterred by this unreasonable name the fair daughter of a hardware dealer fell in love with its bearer, as he with her. The fearful number of 541 love letters passed between the pair—a list which began in the most poetic and lovely manner and tapered off into respectful coolness on the part of the ungentle M'Ostrich. He protested in October that he "loved his darling awfully," but the next May he professed himself very angry with her father because that venerable person wanted to know when the marriage was to be. From "My darling Sa, your true lover Jim," he returned to "I remain yours very respectfully, J. B. M'Ostrich." On that hint she spake—to a jury;—and the result of $5,000 damages now gilds her grief. The only excuse the miserable man had to offer was that his feelings had changed; but graceful as it was it did not serve the fleet and deluding M'Ostrich.

[Copied by Request.]

About Moses Scott, of Monongahela City, Pa.; Benjamin F. Butler, of Massachusetts, and Other Things.

To Benjamin F. Butler, of Mass.:

SIR:—In a recent number of the *Republican* of this place there is published a letter, dated March 1st, from Moses Scott of our town, addressed to you, and your reply of the 20th of the same month. He denounces the passage of a bill by the recent Congress increasing the pay of Members of Congress, and you defend it. In so doing you assume to be a judge of the character of Mr. Scott from his letter, when in fact a correspondent from this place, and an enemy of Mr. Scott, gave to you his version of his character. You denounce Mr. Scott in terms most unjustifiable. In thus making yourself an instrument by which the personal malice of another might be wreaked, you have descended to a littleness so extreme that justice to Mr. Scott demands a reply to what you have written and published. Your defence, too, of a law so odious to every honest citizen more imperatively demands an examination of the reasons you have given in its justification. To defend his character and to reply to these reasons are the causes of my now addressing you.

Your reply commences with an allusion the composition and spelling of his letter, indicating, you say, that his early education had been sadly neglected. Certainly Mr. Scott makes no pretensions to scholarship. He is one of that larger portion of our citizens who in early life had no opportunities of acquiring a thorough education; his earlier and later years had to be given to work, but still he has a good, ordinary education.

But his letter, as published, shows on its face that in sending a copy of it to the editor of the *Republican*, you have grossly misrepresented its orthography. At one place you represent him as spelling the word their *thar*, when in the same line, and everywhere else in his letter, it is correctly spelled. The *e* and *i* may have been close together, and you therefore, made them an *a*. Is not this a littleness that is contemptible? In a like manner *you* is written for your. The hankwriting of Mr. Scott is fine, and when this is the case the ending letter of words is often very small, but this does not authorize any person to assert that there is no such ending letter. The fact that all the more difficult words are correctly spelled by Mr. Scott is enough to show that the extreme errors in the more easy and common words, as stated by you, are an injustice to him, as they are a discredit to you.

Passing from the spelling, you criticise two words as used by him—"mad" and "eat". You quote him as saying, "the people, without respect to party, sir, are mad," and your criticism is, "You probably mean angry, not crazy."

The word *mad* is of Teutonic origin, and belongs to a class of words which has given to our language so much simplicity and strength. One of its ordinary meanings is, exasperation or anger. "You make me mad sometimes," says Addison. "Much learning doth make thee mad," said Festus to Paul. In these examples we have its two meanings expressed, but your criticism leaves us to infer that you supposed it had, properly, but the latter meaning. Do you not exhibit a greater ignorance of language than that you so diligently seek to impute to Mr. Scott?

As to his improper use of the word "eat," you remark that he complains "that taxes are enormous on everything that we eat and wear, and this increase increases the burthen of these taxes, and that you are not aware of any taxes upon any article that men 'eat' except tobacco." We import about seventy-five millions dollars worth of sugar annually. Is not that article both taxed and *eaten?*

But the word "eat" has a more comprehensive meaning than you ascribe to it. When we say, "he is eating his breakfast," do we not include the coffee he is drinking as well as the meat he is masticating? In this sense the word means all that we consume as food, whether it is chewed or drank. In this sense Mr. Scott properly uses the word; your criticism but shows your own ignorance.

These criticisms upon the language of one who never assumed to be a scholar, provoke a still further examination into your own use of words, and, hence, I may be pardoned some additional criticisms suggested by the many errors in your letters.

Alluding to his objection against an increase of the salary of Congressmen, you say to Mr. Scott: "You object to this increase upon two grounds—first, that the members could not earn the amount at home, and, secondly, that the taxes upon what men eat and wear are so high," &c.

Now, sir, you do not seem to be as well versed in scriptural readings as that other Butler who properly appreciated stated religious worship, for the translators of the Bible give examples of the proper use of the words, first, second, &c. "The *first* foundation was jasper, the *second* sapphire," &c. "*First*, General, is an adjective, but *secondly* an adverb. These words should have been accordant not only in sound, but in their parts of speech. The translators of the Bible knew this, but it seems that you, though of Massachusetts and of great critical acumen, did not, for the error is more than once repeated.

In another part of your letter you present us an incomplete sentence. Thus: "But observing from the composition and spelling that the early education of the writer had been sadly neglected." Because the following letter was a capital, that was no reason why the pause before it should be a period. From what Massachusetts spelling book did you learn to read?

But passing from these lesser errors, allow me to cite a few of a higher order—some that indicate your learning in the rules of grammatical construction. You write to Mr. Scott as follows: "Your next complaint is that the salary is too high—more than the Congressman can earn. Very possibly that may be so *as to some of them.* But I know but few of them who are not worth more in their services to their country than the salary they received, even after the increase; and *they*, knowing their own worthlessness to the country, generally voted against *it.*" In the latter part of this quotation I have *italicised* the words "they" and "it." Pronouns must have antecedent nouns, for they take their place. Will you oblige me by hunting up the nouns to which these pronouns refer? And whilst thus engaged, do not overlook the elegance of the expression, "*But I know but*," &c. Fewer buts, General, might indicate a better education than Massachusetts seems to think it worth while to give to its legislators.

Following the above extract is this sentence: "Now if there are a few men sent to Congress who, as you say, cannot earn their salaries elsewhere, why should the majority of Congress suffer and work for less than will sustain themselves and families, because in some sections where the people get 'mad' over small matters, they do not send representatives *of it* to do the work of a nation of forty millions of people; and no man who cannot any where earn at least $7,500 is fit to do that work."

There is a sentence, sir, that might be said of it, as has been said of some men,

> "One of the few that was not born to die."

In Massachusetts literature, it should place you in front of the Great Expounder of the Constitution, for in perspicuity it excels all that he has written. When old age shall have loosened the claims of a grateful people upon your political services, you should retire to the professorship of rhetoric in Harvard.

And then the words I have italicised—"of it"—what force and clearness they impart to the whole sentence!

Only once more. You address Mr. Scott in this language: "Again, if you have ability enough, I should say you were a leader of a small faction in your neighborhood who *were* always obstructing the public improvements."

The old rule was that a pronoun in the subjunctive mood should take the plural form of the verb to which it was nominative—a rule now properly disregarded by many good writers. But you have greatly improved upon it, by making it apply to all nouns in the sentence, "The faction *who were*."

I pass to a more important part of your letter—to your defence of the act increasing the pay of Members of Congress.

1. You assert that an individual who cannot anywhere earn $7,500 (per annum I suppose you mean) is not fit to be a member of Congress. If this standard of qualification was made a constitutional provision, few honest men could ever enter into Congress. The centres of wealth having such men as Gould and Fisk, or like those who ousted Gould from the presidency of the Erie Railroad, could furnish men having your standard of official qualification; but they would not be such men as, in a purer age, gave lustre to American statesmanship. Your standard of fitness dispenses with the virtues, conscience and patriotism are lost in a scramble for wealth. Bold effrontery, reckless of the general good, or of right in individual transactions, would control entirely, as it does now to a great extent, our politics. Selfishness and corruption would justify every inroad upon the public treasury, and every means to attain their ends. A brief statement of the action of Congress in the passage of the act increasing the pay of members of Congress and other officers will serve to show the truth of what I have just said.

You prepared, so the papers state, a bill for the increase of the salary of the President, Judges of the Supreme Court, Heads of Departments, and Members of Congress in the early part of the recent session. You were the Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, yet the bill was referred to that committee instead of to that on Appropriations. You reported it back with a long report in behalf of the bill. This took place in the beginning of February, when the bill was recommitted to your committee. A few days afterwards you moved to suspend the rules and instruct the Committee on Appropriations to make your bill a part of the miscellaneous appropriations; but the motion was lost by a vote of 81 to 119. This majority of 38 against your bill showed the more honest sentiment of the House, and it should have ended your efforts to pass it. But you apparently looked upon this vote with a widely different purpose. You had before you the tactics of Oakes Ames. If you had no Mobilier stock to give away, you could reach the treasury by an amedment. You amended your bill by extending the increased pay to Members of the last Congress, for up to this time the bill gave it to the coming and succeeding Congresses only. When the House was not full you hitched your bill to an appropriation bill by a vote of 71 to 67, when it was in Committee of the Whole. But when the committee reported it, the House rejected it by a vote of 69 to 121—a majority of 52 against it.

Mr. Sargent moved to amend your bill by fixing the pay of Members of Congress at $6,500, *with no allowance for traveling expenses.* But fears were entertained that the Senate would change this amount, if your bill was made a part of a general appropriation bill, and hence, by a close vote only, of 100 to 97, Mr. Sargent's amendment was adopted. The Senate did change it to $7,500 and traveling expenses. The House would not concur, and hence the question of the amount of pay went to a committee of conference, composed, by the action of the Speaker of the House and of the Vice President, of high salary men. The conference committee reported this high salary; it included the Members of the last Congress; yet its injustice was so flagrant that although the rejection of the appropriation bill to which yours was attached would have involved an extra session, the report of the committee on conference was concurred in by the close vote of 102 to 96, and in the last hour of the session.

The country may well pause and scan these proceedings! By violation of parliamentary usages, by deception, by the Speaker's appointment of a high salary committee instead of one for the Sargent amendment, by bribery of members of the last Congress whose term of service had expired—these wrongs characterized the entire proceedings. Is it any wonder that a citizen should denounce to you these iniquities? Or that the press, every where, should speak of them as a cheat—a swindle—a steal? Or that two of the most intelligent of our Legislatures—those of Michigan and Ohio—should denounce the law by joint resolution?

The Pittsburgh *Gazette* hopes that not a member of Congress who voted for its passage will be re-elected; and of those who receive this wrongful spoil it thus speaks: "Thus far, sixty United States Senators have taken their share of the back salary steal. They should remember the old adage, 'The partaker is as bad as the thief.' If they forget it, their constituents will not." You seek to justify this wrong by saying that Congress possesses constitutional power to do what it did. I deny this as to the back pay. The salary was fixed by former legislation at $5,000 per annum, and mileage and perquisites. The Congressmen of the last Congress accepted these payments as a compensation, and at the last hour of the last session added nearly 50 per cent. to it. The power to fix the salary by law cannot embrace a proceeding that violates a contract that is completed.

Some of the members who had pocketed this plunder find that it is weighing more heavily on the conscience than in the pocket, and seek by a charitable endowment some palliation of their sin. No one, sir, will suspect you of being one of these.

I have said that the press every where condemns your bill. Perhaps I ought to make an exception. From the N. Y. *Tribune* I see that the *Old and New* contains an article apologetic of the conduct of Oakes Ames. But a journal that maligned the honor of a State by aspersing its soldiery, and withheld reparation by refusing to publish an article exposing the untruthfulness of the accusations, may very consistently find room in its columns for an apologist of official corruption. But if a Boston journal reflects the virtues of those who feasted Oakes Ames, a New York Art Journal, the *Aldine*, is true to history when it says: "The Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States—a once honorable body of men who are rapidly earning contempt," &c.

True, sir, because, as I have said, bold shamelessness, reckless of the public good, justifies every inroad upon the public treasury.

2. I proceed to examine other reasons you assign in your reply to Mr. Scott justifying your bill.

You say: "It may seem strange to you that no Congressman can live at Washington as a gentleman representing a constituency of a hundred and forty thousand people, should live—and how that is may be still more strange to you—on less than $5,000 a year. Then if he has his family of children to educate and a house to keep at home for the time he is to live in Washington," &c.

The pretenses in excuse for exhorbitant salaries are never wanting, and living as a gentleman in Washington, representing a constituency of one hundred and forty thousand people, whilst not entirely a new pretence, is revised and enlarged by you. Whether it is the dignity of so many persons embodied in the person of their representative, or whether it is the great amount of their business transactions with the government, and what are their character—whether of Credit Mobilier morality, or higher protective duties, that prices may be lowered—all these matters are left to be conjectured. If to live as a gentleman implies such a diligence in labor as to preclude the possibility of spending time at levees" theatres, operas and the varieties, than an economical salary is sufficient, and more in accordance with the simplicity of our republican institutions.

A parlor and sleeping room, well furnished, are all that is necessary for a Congressman and his wife, or for any other gentleman. These rooms and boarding cost from $100 to $125 per month. Of the two years for which a Representative is elected, he need not be more that ten months at Washington. His boarding expenses, therefore, would not be more than from $1,000 to $1,250. His salary, at $5,000 per annum, without taking into account mileage and perquisites, would be $10,000, leaving from $8,750 to 9,000. Then he has fourteen months to attend to private affairs. It seems to me that the salary of $5,000 leaves the Representative in a most comfortable pecuniary condition, even if he has a family at home and children to educate.

I believe it is a rule in legal proceedings that when a party claims a judgment against another in cases of debt the plaintiff must furnish a bill of particulars when demanded by the defendant. The people, sir, demand of you a bill of particulars of the living at Washington—such living as a gentleman representing one hundred and forty thousand people ought to have when at Washington. The people are not content with your general declarations. They want this bill of particulars. Perhaps if we had an honest one rendered, the reason might be seen why a President of the United States remitted a fine of $2,000 assessed by one of the Courts in the District.

If extravagant expenditure is a feature of the society at Washington, it but indicates that our government is departing from that simplicity of manners which characterized the earlier years of our national existence—a period when statesmen did not acquire riches from office, but that high honor with a purer people accorded to pure and illustrious official services. Your plea for exhorbitant pay may find approval in the follies and vices of Washington society; it will meet the universal condemnation of those whose gains are earned by honest and useful labor, and preserved by economical expenditures.

But your standard of official fitness—namely, the ability to earn $7,500 annually—is inconsistent with the high salary of your bill. The possessors of such a gift could "anywhere" accumulate riches so rapidly that these must be the Members of Congress, who you say "could afford to live without any salary at all, and would be glad to go to Congress if there should be none." Then the less the salary of Congressmen the more certainty the country would have in obtaining for the office they fill that standard of fitness that you have laid down. By your own argument you show that those who voted for your bill were either below that standard in fitness, or are so profligate in their expenditures as to make it apparent that their time is more given to discreditable pleasures than to the business of the country.

Having attempted to justify the increase salaries, you proceed to a personal notice of Mr. Scott. *You say to him*, "from the contents of your note, I have been *lead* (more of Massachusetts grammar) to attempt, in part, to imagine of what manner of man you may be," &c.

This is disingenuous. You would have the public believe that you derived a knowlege of his character, as you present it, from his letter, when the fact is that you obtained it from his personal enemy.

Stating that the additional tax occasioned by the increased salary to members of the 42d Congress to be but three cents to each inhabitant of the United States, you remark to Mr. Scott:

"Feeling keenly how much you are oppressed by this burthen, I enclose herewith a three cent postage stamp, which will make you good, and relieve all complaint on your part personally in that behalf."

The last subterfuge of those engaged in reckless expenditures is to show how very small is the sum that each idhabitant will have to pay.

But it is the number of these small increases of taxation that makes the profligacy of public expenditures.

At the session just closed the appropriations exceeded by many millions the estimates of the Executive Departments. It is in this way the Republican party, to which I belong, has been made to violate its pledge to the people in the recent Presidential canvass, that it would be a party of economy, retrenchment, and reform.

But no matter how small or how great the tax may be to each inhabitant, the question to be considered is, is it a just tax? Though it be but for the one hundreth part of a cent to each person, yet wrong in principle, then resistance to it is demanded by every consideration of public good. The tea tax upon our revolutionary sires was but three cents per pound, but it violated a great principle, and hence the war of Independence.

Continuing to assail Mr. Scott, you remark that from the internal evidence of his letter you conclude he is a bachelor, because a wife and children would have liberalized his mind.

He has a wife, but no children. If he had been a father, his children would have inherited from him moral qualities and received a training that would have made them respectable citizens. Can this be said of all the children born and nurtured here?

You also say that Mr. Scott is probably a member of some religious society, because his evident thrift would lead him to get something for nothing, and therefore he probably got his religion for nothing, but that his church is not much richer for his membership.

He is a Presbyterian, and the congregation to which he belongs has recently erected a fine church building. He contributed to it about $750; an amount, in proportion to his wealth, as large as any donation given to it. He is always prompt in paying and liberal in all other objects presented to the congregation. I make these statements on the authority of William Alexander, prominent both as a member of the church and as a citizen.

You say to Mr. Scott: "Again, if you have ability enough, I should say you were a leader of a small faction in your neighborhood *who were* (more Massachusetts grammar) "always obstructing the public improvements."

Mr. Scott has erected one of the finest dwelling houses of our town, and as to the improvements of the streets, he is just where all of our citizens are. Not one of them in the last fifty years has paved or McAdamized the street before his lots. Certain "representative" men, I suppose, two years ago sought to make such improvements on the street before their property, *at the common expense of our borough*, in defiance of the plain provision of the law. But they succeeded in having the cost of them defrayed at their own expense. We have many improvement men in our midst, so far as *words* are concerned.

You accuse Mr. Scott of being an habitual fault-finder.

If he is an honest man he must necessarily be so here, where rings and cliques seek to control all affairs that belong to all citizens equally, and where some representative men conceal their honesty under a half bushel.

You accuse Mr. Scott of being a very hard man in his dealings, and would extort the utmost penny from his neighbor in a bargain.

His enemies may so write to you about him. An Italian assassin always strikes in the dark. But such is not his character as I understand it. I admit that I cannot retort upon you their reproach, for you are most liberal—with the public money. Your amendment to your own bill, so as to include the members of the 42d Congress, proclaims your way of making bargains. Mr. Scott, sir, is no hyena; he does not disinter the bones of the dead that he may gnaw them.

Lastly you intimate that Mr. Scott may have invested money in United States bonds to escape taxation.

The blow you aimed at him has struck elswhere. You, as a legislator, it is evident enough, are much more concerned how to get money out of the public treasury than to study the ways by which it comes into it. If you had given your attention to the tax system of Pennsylvania you would have ascertained that capital invested in merchandize pays no county, road, school or borough taxes, only a small license tax to the State. You would have ascertained also the reason why money at interest here is not given in to the assessor and therefore not taxed at all. If evasion of that complete equality which should ever exist between citizens in the burdens of government is any offence, then others here are far more amenable to your censure than Mr. Scott. If it is a moral crime to invest in United States' bonds, the people of Massachusetts as much as any other, may receive your condemnation. Charity commences at home, it is said. But we are also told that charity thinketh no evil.

A personal attack such as you have made would be creditable to no one; in you it is much worse than discreditable, for as a national legislator your acts were proper subjects of criticism by every citizen. You could pass it by unnoticed, or if replied to, it should have been in a way that would have preserved to you the respect of others and your own self-respect.

LEWIS BOLLMAN.

Monongahela City, Pa.

◆

—A correspondent of the *Tribune* suggests that the sum stolen and pocketed by Congressmen under the head of increased salaries does not at all represent the real aggregate of that robbery. The next Congress, its numbers being increased by the new apportionment, will draw $1,800,000 extra, and so of its successors. The act of increase entails a perpetual annual charge of $900,000 on the Treasury. This is exactly five per cent. on $18,000,000, and that is the rate at which the Government is now borrowing money. The effect is therefore precisely the same as if Congress had issued $18,000,000 bonds, stolen the proceeds and left the people to pay the interest on them. This may seem a strained view of the case, but it is perfectly plain that the $900,000 extra cost that has been added to the annual sittings of Congress would pay the interest on $18,000,000 of the consolidated debt. The annual addition to the President's salary would pay the interest on a half million of that debt.

New Advertisements.

Geo. Heideger & Co.,

9 & 11 West Ohio Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

WHISKIES, BRANDIES, WINES, SCOTCH ALES, HOLLAND GINS, &c., &c.

apr30-tf

10,000 GIFTS, $500,000

On TUESDAY, JULY, 8th, 1873, the **Third Grand Gift Concert**, under the management of Ex-Governor THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, and authorized by special act of the Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, positively and unequivocally comes off in Public Library Hall, at Louisville, Ky., when 10,000 Gifts, all cash, amounting to $500,000, will be distributed by lot among the ticket holders. The money to pay all these gifts in full is already in bank and set aside for that purpose, as the following certificate shows:

OFFICE OF FARMERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, }
LOUISVILLE, KY, April 7, 1873. }

This is to certify that there is in the **Farmers' and Drovers' Bank**, to the credit of the Third Grand Gift Concert for the benefit of the Public Library of Ky., **Five Hundred Thousand Dollars**, which has been set apart by the Managers to pay the gifts in full, and will be held by the Bank and paid out for this purpose, and this purpose only.

(Signed.) **R. S. VEECH, Cashier.**

Only a few tickets remain unsold, and they will be furnished to the first applicants at the following prices: Whole tickets, $10; halves $5; quarters, $2.50; 11 wholes for $100; 56 for $500; 113 for $1,000, and 575 for $5,000. For tickets and full information, apply to

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Louisville, Ky.,

or THOS. H. HAYS & CO.,
609 Broadway, New York.

NOTICE.

Sealed proposals will be received until May 10th for the building of a Methodist Episcopal Church, in the borough of Glasgow, Beaver county, Pa.

Plans and specifications can be seen at James Littles, in said borough.

JAS. LITTLE, }
WM HOOD, } Building Com.
apr23-3w THOS. WATSON }

DISSOLUTION

The partnership heretofore existing between A. Wilson and Robert McLane, doing business under the firm name of A. Wilson & Co., in Freedom, Pa., was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 1st of April, 1873. The accounts of the firm will be settled by A. Wilson, who will continue the business at the old stand.

ROBERT McLANE,
apr16-3w A. WILSON.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of James M. Smith, deceased—Letters testamentary upon the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

J. M. SMITH,
Beaver C. H., Pa., or
JAMES CHRISTY,
Shippingport, Pa.
mar5-6w Executors.

The Confession of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED AS A WARNING and for the benefit of Young Men and others who suffer from NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, DEBILITY, LOSS OF MANHOOD etc., supplying the means of *self-cure.* Written by one who cured himself after undergoing considerable quackery, and sent free on receiving a post-paid directed envelope.

Sufferers are invited to address the author.

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR,
mar12-6m Box 153, Brooklyn, King's Co., N. Y

CARPETS FOR 1873.

We are now offering, and will continue to offer through the year, the

FINEST STYLES OF CARPETS

the market will produce, at prices as attractive as the goods. Our stock will be larger and choicer this year that ever before. All needing

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, SHADES MATTINGS, &c.,

will be well suited at

BOVARD, ROSE & CO'S,

21 Fifth Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

mar12-3m;ctd sep-3m

In the Orphans' Court of Beaver Co.:

In the matter of the final account of Christopher O'Rourke, Administrator of the estate of Ann Kelly, deceased, filed by Emma O'Rourke and James Edgar, Administrators of the estate of said Christopher O'Rourke, deceased.

And now to wit: March 26th, 1873, the Court appoint E. B. Daugherty, esq., an Auditor to report distribution of the balance in said account to and among the parties legally entitled thereto.

From the record.

Attest:— JOHN C. HART, Clerk.

The Auditor above named will meet, for the purpose of his appointment, at the Court House, in Beaver, on Thursday, 8th day of May, 1873, at one o'clock, P. M., at which time and place parties in interest may attend if they see proper.

E. B. DAUGHERTY, Auditor.
4-23-3w

LEWIS McMULLEN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

104 FIFTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

(Opposite Cathedral.)

☞ Examinaton of Titles, Collection of Claims and all other Legal Business entrusted to my care will receive prompt attention. 4-23 6m

New Advertisements

Mercantile Appraisement List

Of Venders of Merchandise in the County of Beaver for the Year 1873.

Name	Class
Beaver Borough.	
John Purvis	14
Simon Snitger & Co	14
A Wynn	14
Orr & Cooper	14
J B Clark	14
James Allison	14
Robert Tallon	14
I N Atkins	14
James Moore	14
Thos Allison & Son	14
Henry Merz	14
Small & Atkins	14
John Border	14
J McCreery	14
Mrs J H Beace	14
James Philis	14
G C Atkins & Co	14
Borough Twp.	
William Harrah	14
Baker Reed	14
Thomas Wagoner	14
Bridgewater Boro	
James Borbour	14
James H Doherty	14
A C Hurst	12
A Brehm	13
Harvey Brown	13
A S Harvey	13
B S Ranger	13
B Mulheim	14
Stiles & Javens	13
Big Beaver Twp.	
J H Witherspoon	14
Scott & Co	14
Hudson & Patterson	14
Beaver Falls Boro	
F R Rohrcast	14
J G Hunter	13
G W Smith	14
John Rebeck	14
Mrs E King	14
L B Chidsey	14
Ward & Cleland	14
R S Newton	14
David McClurg	14
Mrs R B Clark	14
Samuel Musser	14
Charles Levi	14
Robert Duncan	14
William Reed	14
R A Craighead	14
A Fleming	14
H Ramsey	14
B F Nowling	14
W W Duncle	14
D Stewart & Son	14
Bruce & Brierley	14
M A Townsend & Son	14
C C Whisler	14
Joseph Deemer	14
John Sterling	14
I & T Ransom	14
H C & S R Patterson	14
John F Cowling	14
J Kennedy & Co	14
Patrick Regan	14
H B Ewing	14
H C Purviance	14
Ah Pay (ChinaFirm)	14
Jas McAnlis	14
Mrs S J Watson	14
John Ebner	14
W F Davis	14
W H Hunt	14
W R Nair	14
Joseph Carney	14
Ira B Duncan	11
Azariah Inman	14
Darlington Boro & Twp	
Freeman Butts	13
J C Duff	14
R G Cook	14
Mrs J B Kerr	14
Curry & Brother	14
Moody & Co	14
S A Bricker	14
Bebout & Ink	14
Freedom Boro	
S Morgan	12
M D Fisher	12
J B Cheney	12
D E Lowry	14
A Wilson	14
Robert H McCaskey	14
Economy Twp	
Henry Gross	14
McConnel & McKee	14
Franklin Twp	
E Autenreith	14
Greene Twp	
Charles Calhoun	14
J H Deihl & Co	13
Trimble & Co	13
J R Todd	12
Joseph McFerran	14
David Ramsey	13
William Elliott	13
Brunton & Hall	14
John R Cowling	14
Harmony Twp	
Henrici & Lentz	14
Hanover Twp and Boro	
W H Frazier	13
J Morrison & Son	13
M L Armstrong	13
Hopewell Twp	
Calvert & Patton	14
Independence Twp	
W Leech	14
Todd & Bruce	14
New Sewickley Twp	
P H Beckert	14
James Park	13
Robert Snead	14
North Sewickley Twp	
A M Mecklem	14
New Brighton Boro	
G Everard	14
John Gibson	14
G P Selmon	14
Robert Houston	14
R Steinfeld	13
M Schiff	14
W H McDonald	14
Evan Pugh	13
S & J Snellenburg	10
H H Mills	14
E Roberts	14
J F Mitchell	11
Michael McGlaughlin	14
Thomas Morgan	14
T M Smith	13
Philip Martsof	14
C F Hunter	12
Frank Longenecker	14
C U Myers	13
A D Gilleland & Co	13
J S Herger	14
J B Anderson	13
A Hanauer	14
S Merrick & Son	14
Charles Coale	14
J S Winans	13
William Kennedy	9
Agnew Duff	11
L S Ripper	14
Boots & Swick	13
J H Mann	12
A Bestwick	14
Wm M Cowl	14
S N Park	14
D Updegraph	14
J W Nippert	14
Hiram Reed	14
J P Edgar & Co	13
James Roney	14
J F Carey	14
S H Andrews	14
W E Walsh	14
Herzog & Beam	14
A Bert	14
W A Dinsmore	14
Ethan Thomas	14
New Galilee Boro.	
F Reid	13
J B Johnson	14
R J Stinson	12
R Porter	14
Ohio Township.	
John A Cogsley	13
D M Irwin	13
M Grin	14
J M Kennedy	14
J H Warrick	14
Thomas Russel	14
Aber & Reed	13
T G Boyd	14
Thomas Watson	14
St Clair Boro	
A Craig	14
Baden Boro	
C B Bl die	14
David Smith	13
South Beaver Twp	
Samuel S Taylor	14
Industry Twp	
Mrs John Jackman	14
J N & O E Aber	14
James Russel	14
James Allen	14
Phillipsburg Boro	
L Le Gouton	14
L Knapper	14
C F Kercher	14
W J Porter	14
Rochester Boro	
William A Smith	14
Sharp & Hoffman	10
Whisler & Linnenbrink	14
J G McCutcheon	14
H S Hibbard	14
Hillinger & Co	14
J S Winans & Co	14
John S Veder	14
William Carey	14
S J Cross	9
Henry Lipp	14
J N Hankins	14
Coe & Darragh	14
W W Johnson	14
Charles Huth	14
Abraham Silverman	14
Andrew Daig	12
W D Johnson	14
Benjamin Pfeiffer	14
John Linnenbrink	14
Speyerer & Sons	9
James Alexander	14
George Streit	14
Robert Mears	13
Campbells & Ruth	14
Thomas Reed	14
John F Smith	14
John D Coffin	14
Raccoon Twp	
James Scott	14
M Springer	14
R Hall	14
J H Christy	14

Compounders of Medicines.

Name	Class
Beaver Boro	
John Moore	3
Hugo Andreissen	3
Bridgewater Boro	
G McCook Smith	3
Beaver Falls Boro	
B B Todd	3
H S McGonn	3
Dr E Kendrick & Co	2
Ohio Twp	
J A Cogsley	4
D M Irwin	4
J H Warrick	4
W Grim	4
Darlington Boro	
Bebout & Ink	4
New Brighton Boro	
R L Kenah	3
Morgan Craig	3
W Gilliland	3
R Steinfeld	3
Greene Twp	
Thomas Swearingen	3
Rochester Boro	
H S Hibbard	3
S C Hannen	3
T Kennedy & Co	[illegible]
A T Shallenberger	[illegible]
John D Coffin	[illegible]
New Galilee Boro	
Charles S Dunlap	[illegible]
St Clair Boro	
S A Crys	[illegible]
Frankfort Boro	
J Morrison & Son	[illegible]

Billiard Tables.

Name	Class
New Brighton Boro	
John Boswell	2
H H Mills	2
Rochester Boro	
Hart Darragh	2
James Osborn	2

Brewers and Distillers.

Name	Class
Beaver Falls Boro	
Volk & Falk	9
James Anderson	8
Rochester Twp	
Gotleib Cline	10
Bridgewater Boro	
Conrad Weisgaber	10
Freedom Boro	
John F Muller	8

The Court of Appeals will be held at the Commissioners' Office, Beaver, on SATURDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF MAY, 1873 and Licenses are to be paid to the County Treasurer, on or before JULY 1ST, 1873.

R. F. M'ILVAINE,
Mercantile Appraiser.

apr23-tf

State and County Taxes.

THE County Treasurer will attend in the several townships and boroughs between 9 a. m. and 5 p. m., for the purpose of receiving the State and County Taxes for the year 1873, at the places and times designated below, viz:

Place	Month	Day	Place of attendance
Bridgewater boro,	May	12, a. m.,	Toll House
Freedom boro,	"	12, p. m.,	Kerr & McCaskey's office
Rochester boro,	"	13,	Johnston House.
Rochester township,	"	13,	do do
Baden boro,	"	14, a. m.,	Biddle's Store.
Harmony township,	"	14, p. m.,	Post Office.
Phillipsburg boro	"	17,	Capt. Shrodes.
Fallston boro,	"	16,	Toll House.
N. Brighton & Pulaski	"	19,	Huron House.
do do	"	20,	Magaw's Hotel.
Patterson & Beaver Falls,	"	21 & 22,	Dr. E. Kendrick & Co's Drug Store.
Georgetown boro,	"	23, a. m.,	Calhoun's Store
Glasgow boro,	"	23, p. m.,	Jesse Smith's.
Marion township,	"	26,	George Hartzel's
Franklin township,	"	27,	Autenreith's Store.
North Sewickley tp,	"	28,	Nathan Hazen's.
Economy township,	"	29,	Mrs. Neeley's
New Sewickley twp,	"	30,	Shead's Store.
Industry twp,	June	3,	Allen's Store.
South Beaver & Ohio	"	4,	Mrs. Ray's.
Ohio township,	"	5,	Reed & Aber's Store.
Big Beaver & Homewood,	"	16,	Johnston House
Big Beaver and New Galilee,	"	17,	Union Hotel
Chippewa twp,	"	18,	W. Cunningham
Darlington tp & boro	"	19,	Jacob Marks'
South Beaver,	"	20,	Joseph Lawrence's.
Hookstown boro and Greene township,	"	21,	Jos McFerren's store,
do do	"	21,	do do
Hanover & Greene tps	"	25,	James Reed's Store
Frankfort boro,	"	26,	Mrs Stevenson's
Hanover township,	"	27,	M. L. Armstrong's Store.
Raccoon twp,	July	7,	J. H. Christy's Store.
Independence twp	"	8,	John Holmes'.
Independence and Hopewell twps,	"	9,	Todd & Bruce's Store
Hopewell township,	"	10,	R. W. Scott's.
Moon township,	"	11,	James Prentice's.

☞ Payments can be made in adjoining township. Taxes paid before August 1st, will be 5 per cent off. On and after September 1st 5 per cent. will be added.

All licenses are due by law July 1st. Those not paid at that date will be collected with costs.

C. P. WALLACE,
Treasurer of Beaver County.

April 21 1873 -tf

Orphans' Court Sale.

Estate of Joseph Braden, Dec'd.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Joseph Braden, dec'd, will expose to sale by public vendue or outcry, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, the 17th DAY of MAY,

A. D., 1873, at 10 o'clock, a. m., all that certain piece of land, late the estate of said decedent, situate in Darlington township, in said county, bounded north by land of John McCaughtry, east by land of Jas. Patterson, and south by land of Nathan Cory, containing 9 acres more or less, all under fence, well watered, half acre in timber and balance cleared and improved, and having on it a log house and orchard. Terms made known on day of sale.

Also at same time and place, the Administrator will sell the household goods and personal property of the decedent, consisting of household and kitchen furniture, grain, etc., etc.

JACOB NICELY, Adm'r.

Darlington Twp, April 17, 1873.

Cheap Farms for Sale Near Chicago.

WHY GO TO KANSAS OR NEBRASKA, when you can buy as fine farming lands as the sun ever shone on, improved and unimproved, at from 25 to 40 dollars an acre, ranging from 40 to 1,300 acres, within from 30 to 50 miles from Chicago, in one of the finest dairying countries in America? Five railroads now running through the country, and 4 or 5 more being constructed. Have several good improved farms for sale cheap. For particulars address

AMOS ALLMAN,
apr23-4w Crown Point, Lake County, Indian

SEEDS, SEEDS, PLANTS, PLANTS, TREES, TREES.

Early Peas, Beans, Corn, Tomatoes, Onion Sets, Potatoes, and all other seeds for market gardeners, families, &c. A box of twenty varieties of flower Seeds for one dollar.

Send for Bennett's Catalogue, free. Address

JAS. BENNETT, Seedsman,
apr23-8w 133 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh

Knabe & Co.'s Pianos,

HAINES BROS.' PIANOS, and

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.'S ORGANS.

The three best and most popular Instruments now in the market. Catalogue and Price List, containing full particulars, mailed to any address

CHARLOTTE BLUME,
19 Sixth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
apr23 6m SOLE AGENT.

H. NOSS, PHOTOGRAPHER

nov6tf

Rowell & Co.'s Advertisements.

12,000,000 ACRES!

Cheap Farms!

The cheapest Land in Market for sale by the Union Pacific Railroad Company In the Great Platte Valley. 3,000,000 Acres in Central Nebraska. Now for sale in tracts of forty acres and upward on FIVE and TEN years' credit at 6 per cent. No advance interest required. Mild and healthful climate, fertile soil, an abundance of good water.

THE BEST MARKET IN THE WEST! The great Mining regions of Wyoming, Colorado, Utah and Nevada being supplied by the farmers in the Platte Valley.

Soldiers Entitled to a Homestead of 160 Acres.

THE BEST LOCATION FOR COLONIES.

FREE HOMES FOR ALL! Millions of acres of choice Government Lands open for entry under the Homestead Law, near this Great Railroad, with good markets and all the conveniences of an old settled country.

Free Passes to purchasers of Railroad Land. Sectional Maps, showing the Land, also new edition of Descriptive Pamphlet with New Maps. Mailed Free Everywhere.

Address O. F. DAVIS, Land Commissioner [illegible]

apr23-4w

FOR ONE DOLLAR

We Will send FREE by mail, on receipt of One Dollar, 25 packages of choice Flower Seeds, from our catalogue, containing upwards of [illegible] varieties, with full directions for culture. Address in the United States. Catalogues free on application.

DEE & DOYLE Seedmen and Florists, 57 Tremont [illegible]

WE WANT AN AGENT

In this town to canvass for [illegible] book by Dr. J [illegible]

The Science of a New Life.

Recommended and endorsed by [illegible] COWAN & CO. 139 Eighth [illegible]

ONLY 10 CENTS.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN PAINTER Or, PAINTS: HOW TO SELECT AND USE THEM.

A plain treatise, containing sample cards of [illegible] different actually painted shades [illegible] instructions for exterior and interior decoration [illegible] 25 copies, bound in cloth, for [illegible] paper cover, mailed, post paid, on receipt of **10 cents**, by the Publisher, HENRY CAREY BAIRD, Box 1624 Post-Office, Philadelphia.

[illegible]

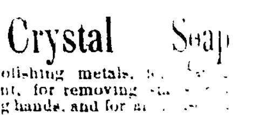
ONLY 10 CENTS.

THE LIGHT RUNNING Sewing Machine Is the BEST IN THE WORLD. AGENTS WANTED [illegible] "DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE [illegible]

USE the [illegible] FASTEN YOUR WINDOWS. [illegible] REISINGER SASH LOCK [illegible] Market St., Harrisburg, Pa.

SAWS (Established [illegible]) WELCH & GRIFFITHS, Manufacturers [illegible] SUPERIOR TO ALL [illegible] EVERY SAW WARRANTED. FILES, BELTING AND MACHINERY. LIBERAL DISCOUNTS. Price Lists and Circulars [illegible] WELCH & GRIFFITHS, Boston, Mass. and Detroit, Mich.

Write for a Price List to J. H. JOHNSTON GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS



179 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Breech Loading Shot Guns $40 to $[illegible]. Single Guns [illegible] Rifles $8 to $75. Revolvers $5 to [illegible] $1 to $8. Gun Material, Fishing Tackle [illegible] Large discounts to dealers or clubs. [illegible] Revolvers, &c., bought or traded for. [illegible] by express C. O. D. to be examined before paid for.

Kitchen Crystal Soap

For cleaning and polishing metals, [illegible] and preserving paint, for removing [illegible] marble, for washing hands, and [illegible] cleaning, is superior to any [illegible] No other soap or wash equals it [illegible] or cheaper. Easy to use and [illegible] and pleasant. All grocers sell it [illegible] only by EASTMAN & BROOKE [illegible] Philadelphia.

PATENTS OBTAINED.

No fees unless successful. No [illegible] No charge for preliminary examination. [illegible] cular. CONNOLLY BROTHERS, [illegible] St., Philadelphia, Pa., and 606 [illegible] ington, D. C.

CALLIPÆDIA "Beautiful [illegible] Philosophy [illegible] originally published in 1665. [illegible] and curious poem now ready. [illegible] ANTIQUARIAN PUB CO., 126 S [illegible]

AGENTS! A RARE CHANCE! We will pay all Agents $40 per week [illegible] who will engage with us AT ONCE. [illegible] furnished and expenses paid. Address A. COULTER & CO. [illegible]

$5 to $20 per day! Agents wanted! [illegible] of working people, [illegible] or old, make more money at work [illegible] spare moments or all the time [illegible] else. Particulars free. Address [illegible] CO., Portland, Maine.

WORKING CLASS MALE OR FEMALE, $60 a week [illegible] Respectable employment at home [illegible] no capital required; full [illegible] valuable package of goods sent [illegible] dress, with 6 cent return stamp [illegible] CO., 16 Cortlandt St., N.Y.

GETTYSBURG KATALYSINE WATER.

is the nearest approach to a specific ever discovered for Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, [illegible] Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney and [illegible] generally. It restores muscular [illegible] It cures Liver Complaint, [illegible] Piles, Constipation, Asthma [illegible] Bronchitis, Diseases of the Skin [illegible] ty and Nervous Prostration [illegible] Physical Excesses. It is the [illegible] ever discovered for Excessive Ea[illegible] It corrects the stomach, promot[illegible] Relieves the Head almost immediately. [illegible] hold should be without it. For [illegible]

☞ For a history of the Springs, [illegible] reports of the power of the water [illegible] for marvellous cures, and for [illegible] distinguished men, send for pamphlets. WHITNEY BROS, General Agents, [illegible] Front Street, Philadelphia, Pa. GETTYSBURG SPRING Co.

$1,000 REWARD For any case of [illegible] Itching, or Ulcerated Piles that DE BING'S Pile Remedy fails [illegible] pared expressly to cure the Piles [illegible] else. Sold by all druggists. Price [illegible]

TO BOOK CANVASSERS. THE NEW WAY OF RUNNING A SUBSCRIPTION BOOK

CAN SELL THOUSANDS! PLAIN HOME TALK

Is plain talk about the body and [illegible] social needs. Dr. E. B. FOOTE, [illegible] cal Common Sense," of No. 120 [illegible] N. Y., who entertains everybody [illegible] and cures everybody by his [illegible] In his thousand pages it answer[illegible] tions you don't want to go to [illegible] about. It is, as is stamped on [illegible] book for private and considerate [illegible] $3 25, and sent, postage pre[illegible] Contents table mailed free. [illegible] beautiful original chromo, [illegible] PUSSIE TO THE DOGS," worth $[illegible] book. No chromo without the [illegible] without the chromo. Address MURRAY HILL Publishing Company, [illegible] Street, New York.

Luther S. Kauffman,

Stock and Note Broker,

116 SMITHFIELD STREET.

ORDERS SOLICITED FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF

STOCKS, BONDS AND MORTGAGES.

feb19-tm

The Beaver Argus.

Beaver, Pa., April 30, 1873.

Circulation Thirteen Hundred.

The attention of the public is directed to the following New Advertisements which appear for the first time in the Argus to-day:

Special Notice—Dr Keyser	C
Special Notice—Beymer, Bauman & Co	C
Special Notice—Holloways' Pills	C
Special Notice—Mustang Liniment	C
Special Notice—Gift Concert—Thos. E. Bramlette	C
Special Notice—Prof Fowler	C
Advertisement—Geo Heidegger & Co	1sq tf
Special Notice—Beaver Book Store	4
Special Notice—John Bishop	13
Special Notice—S & J Snellenburg	12
Special Notice—Mrs Bence	9-4w
Special Notice—Dr. Miller	4-tf
Special Notice—J W Williams	5
Special Notices—J M McCreery	22

Mme Demorests Patterns are the most accurate and reliable, for sale only by J. M McCreery. Catalogues will be sent to any address, post paid.

E. P. Kuhn, esq., who has been quite ill for several weeks past, continues in about the same condition.

New Opening, new opening. The leading Millinery House of J. M. McCreery & Co., intend to fully maintain their reputation, by keeping the largest and most select stock in the county, and selling at lowest prices.

In consequence of our enormous sales and faultless facilities for production; we can furnish Hats and Bonnets, made in the most fashionable style, at lower prices than any other house in the county. "we only ask a trial."

At a meeting of the session of the Presbyterian Church of Beaver—Allegheny Presbytery,—a committee was appointed to draft resolutions relating to the death of our pastor, the late Rev. D. P. Lowary.

Whereas, It has pleased God in His infinite wisdom to call home another of his faithful servants.

Resolved, That while as a congregation we deeply feel the loss of our beloved pastor, our spiritual adviser and counselor, yet we would acknowledge the wisdom and goodness of our Heavenly Father, and bow in meekness to His holy will.

Resolved, That we express our heart felt sympathy with the widow and the orphan so severely stricken by the removal of a loving husband and father.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be published in each of our county papers and the *Presbyterian Banner*, and that a copy be sent to the widow of our late pastor.

Thos. McCreery,
C. G. Moore, Com.
R. H. Cooper,

Perfection can only be obtained by close, constant application. And as heretofore, so also in the future, our highest ambition will be to have our millinery department surpass all others in the county. We employ only competent milliners.
J. M McCreery & Co.

The town council of the borough of Wellsville, have passed an ordinance prohibiting the use of their lock-up for the accommodation of *tramps*. A little special legislation of that kind, on the part of our County Commissioners, would not be amiss here. We favor a passage of a "bill" of that sort.

Good News.—Go to the new Shoe Store of G. C. Atkins & Co., for the cheapest and latest style of Boots and Shoes.

Mary Cook, a resident of New Galilee, Beaver county, is in jail in this city, charged by the United States authorities with selling liquor without a license. United States Detective Pender made the arrest.—*Pittsburgh Post, April 23.*

Look at the Prices—4 hem-stitched handkerchiefs for 25 cents, 2 spools of machine cotton for 5 cents, pins 5 cents, kid gloves from 60 cents to $1.50, shirt fronts from 15 to 60 cents, all linnen; a good box wood hat for $1.00 worth $1.50, fast-colored prints, 8, 10 and 12½ cents, best quality crash 15 cents, yard wide, heavy unbleached muslin 10 cents, worth 15 cents. Call and see—no trouble to show goods at Hibbard's, Rochester, Pa. apr-2w

Pastor Chosen —On the 21st inst., the congregation of the Third U. P. church, Allegheny city, extended a call to Rev. J. W. Bain, of New Castle, to be pastor of their church. The salary offered him is $2,500. Mr. Bain has accepted the call and will leave for his new field of labor in a short time. Mr. B. is a man of more than ordinary speaking power, and will more than likely get along well in the city.

The oration on the life and services of Hon. William H. Seward, by Hon. Charles Francis Adams, delivered at Albany, N. Y., last week, was a glowing tribute to the memory of one of the greatest statesmen this country every had. Just twenty-five years before Mr. Seward himself delivered an oration on the life and public acts of John Quincy Adams, the father of the orator, who in turn, pronounced the eulogy on Mr. Seward last week.

We would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement in another column, of the Brooks Sewing Machine Co. of New York, they advertise, what is indeed a valuable invention, a first-class Sewing Machine for five dollars. feb.5-1y

Enigmas.—I am composed of 13 letters: My 10, 11, 1, 2, is a girl's name. My 2, 8, 7, 4, 3, is a fence of shrubs. My 5, 4, 13, 13, is a moulding which is both concave and convex. My 6, 8, 9, 1, is 40 days before Easter. My 12, 3, 4, 3, 9, 7, is a remarkable story. My whole is a line we should always remember.

—I am composed of 12 letters: My 5, 7, 2, 2, 8, 2, is part of a garment. My 1, 12, 3, 5, 6, is a flower My 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, is a fabled deity of the wood. My 4, 11, 4, 2, is a number. My whole is one of the most beautiful States in the Union.
L. M. S.

For good buggies, wagons, carriages, spring wagons, sulkeys, buck-boards, &c., go to Ingraham Boyd's, near the depot, in Rochester. All orders promptly attended to. sept4;1y

Who are Entitled to Pensions.—Among the provisions of the new pension act are the following: All persons who have lost a leg above the knee, and are so disabled thereby that they cannot use an artificial limb, shall be rated in the second class, and receive twenty-four dollars per month All persons having lost the hearing of both ears, to receive thirteen dollars per month. Section five provides that the rate of eighteen dollars per month may be proportionately divided for any degree of disability established for which the second section makes no provision. The new law also adds two years to the limitations under which claims may be established.

New Goods, New Styles, and Great Bargains.—Mr. William Reich in Bridgewater has just received his Spring and Summer stock of cloths cassimeres, vesaings &c., &c., and feels assured that a better assortment can not be found in this country. His workmen are careful, experienced, and competent, and all clothing made at his establishment will be found not only to wear well but to fit well in addition. Prices moderate. Give him a call before getting your spring suits. mar19-4w

Appointed by the Secretary of the Commonwealth.—Col. M. S. Quay, Secretary of the Commonwealth, has appointed Mrs. Sue H. Willard to a clerkship in his office at Harrisburg. Mrs. Willard is a daughter of John Collins, esq., formerly of this county, but now a resident of Chicago, Illinois. The appointee is an estimable and intelligent lady, and will fill the position she holds with credit to herself and benefit to the State.

A No. 1 suit of clothing (coat, pants and vest) for $10.00 only, at Hibbards, Rochester, Pa. apr16-4w

About Again.—David Minis, esq., one of our oldest and most highly esteemed citizens, and for whose health we have all had more or less solicitude for the past two or three months, has recruited sufficiently to be able to be about again. We noticed him on the streets one day last week, after an absence of several months, nearly all of which time he had been confined to his house.

The Egg Business Becoming Lively.—On last Thursday morning we found a small package tied to the office door, and on opening it found it contained a remarkably small egg. The following note endorsing the egg explained matters:

Ed Argus:—I noticed an account of a very large egg, in your paper of last week, presented to you by Mr. Marks of Rochester. Now, as I cannot beat Mr. Marks on *large* eggs, I can go ahead of him or any one else in the county on *small* ones. Enclosed is a sample. I have a number of others of the same size.
James M. L. Duff.
Brighton township.

The egg referred to by Mr. Duff measured 3¾ inches around one way and 3½ inches around the other way, and weighed a trifle less than a half ounce. We presume, merchants, in buying Mr. Duff's eggs, will insist upon not taking them by the dozen but by the peck or bushel.

Buy your clothing and men's wear at Hibbard's, Rochester Pa. apr16-4w

Blank Notes.—We have a large lot of blank notes—judgment and promissory—on hand, which can always be bought of us at the lowest cash prices. Call at the Argus office.

A No. 1 suit of clothing (coat, pants and vest) for $10.00 only, at Hibbards, Rochester Pa. apr16-4w

A New Book of absorbing interest and great beauty, entitled the "Voice of God," being a complete sacred history and compendium. Sold only by subscription, at the Beaver Book Store.

Decoration Day.—General A. E. Burnside, Commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, has issued an order recommending that in making arrangements for the observance of memorial day, departments and posts take such actions as will secure the cooperation of the clergy of the country in giving greater effect to the exercises of the day, by preaching a sermon appropriate to the occasion on the Sunday preceding. The order also publishes an official copy of a circular transmited to officers in charge of national cemeteries, furnished General Burnside by order of the Quartermaster General.

Glorious News.—We invite the public to call and examine our extensive stock of Boots and Shoes, which we are offering at a very low figure. G. C. Atkins & Co.

The Escaped Prisoners.—We made mention of the fact last week, that a general jail delivery had taken place in Washington, Pa., on the previous Saturday evening. Since then we have received the *Reporter* of that place, which gives the names of the escaped prisoners, and the crimes with which they are charged. None of the runaways have yet been overtaken. There names and accusations are as follows:

Henry Briceland, colored, convicted of the murder of John Allingham, at Eldersville, and sentenced to be hanged.

John Henrie, committed in March last, charged with larceny Awaiting trial.

John Davis, colored, committed in March Charge larceny. Awaiting trial.

James Mull, arrested on bench warrant. Indicted for the larceny of wool from Israel Haines, of North Strabane township. Awaiting trial.

Wm. Lonkert and "Jud" M'Kinley, both serving a thirty-day sentence for vagrancy.

Alex Blair, colored, serving out a sentence of six months, imposed by the U. S. District court, *for selling liquor without paying special tax.*

Samuel Kelty, aged between twelve and fourteen years, who is retained, by order of the United States District Court as a witness in the case of the United States vs. Boston Brock and D. W. Gilbert, who are charged with issuing counterfeit money.

Bargains! Bargains! Bargains! In carpets, oil cloths, wall paper, window shades, and children's carriages, &c. B. Mulheim, of Bridgewater, has just received the largest and best assorted lot of the above enumerated articles ever brought to this county, while he will sell at a small profit on cost. apr9-6w

Semi-Centennial Celebration.—It is not often that a minister serves a congregation fifty years. Such an occurrence will be celebrated at Miller's Run church, in Cecil township, on the 14th and 15th of May next. Rev. Wm. Smith, D. D., having officiated that length of time as paster of that church. The exercises will be of a very interesting character, as will be seen from the annexed programme: On Wednesday, the 14th, Historical discourse by Rev. Wm. Smith, D. D., at 11 o'clock a. m. Discourse by Rev. S. W. Miller, subject, The Jubilee, at 2 o'clock p. m. On Thursday the 15th, discourse by Rev. I N. Hays, subject, These Fifty Years in History, at 11 o'clock. Collation in the grove at 1 o'clock p. m., sentiments and speeches, closed by Rev. John M'Clusky, D. D.—*Washington Reporter.*

Ice Cold Sparkling Soda Water, favored with pure fruit syrups, fresh from Hugo Andriessen's marble fountains. apr16-3m

"Not Afraid"—A Correspondent on the Rampage.—"High Falutin" no Word for it.—The *Radical* has a correspondent, who is on fire, and who wouldn't mind to take off his coat, roll up his sleeves and "go for" somebody if a favorable opportunity presented itself. What he is writing about, however, we have not learned. But hear him:

I have started out with the intention to chronicle events as they transpire, to expose wrong, fraud and crime, when and wherever I find them, believing that the only true way to prevent them is by exposure, for the most hardened and degraded wretch will not commit crime if he is positive that he will be exposed, and it is my intention to continue in this path, to tell the truth in everything without fear, favor or affection for any one, and to say nothing but what I can substantiate before a court of justice As for threats, I will merely say that I was born on American soil, breathed the pure, free and hallowed air of my native land, and am happy to say, I court not the favor nor fear the frown of mortal man Stick a pin there all those pugalistically inclined. Should any one be extremely anxious to know who I am, I will say, go ask the editor of the Beaver *Radical*, he has my full and free permission to give my name and post-office address.

Should any parties feel themselves sorely wronged and insulted, and deem an apology essential, I will give it in this way. If I have said anything that I am sorry for, I am glad of it. Hercules cleaned the Augean stables, which had not been renovated for thirty years, in a single day. I am not a Hercules, but will freely give my feeble support to cleaning this stable of infernal rascality in as short a time as circumstances will permit. No matter if he must resolve back to their isolation its component parts, and transport them individually or collectively, to some States prisons the only temple for the indwelling of the entire gang.

Extensive improvements are being made at the fair grounds just now. In addition to the large lot of shade trees planted on the grounds a few weeks ago, and to which reference was made in the Argus since, the managers have purchased additional grounds, and a substantial fence is being built around the whole. The location of a number of the buildings will be changed, and the track for testing the speed of horses is undergoing similar treatment. An immense amount of boulders are likewise being turned up and taken away; and the stalls for horses and sheds for stock will be erected at more convenient points than heretofore. Another great addition will be the water facilities. A good spring stands just above the Society's grounds, and an arrangement has already been effected with its owner (Mr. Hall) to allow the Managers to convey water from this spring into the fair grounds by means of a pipe. The society now owns about 19 acres of ground, and if the present programme is carried out, we will, by fall, have the most convenient and attractive fair grounds in Western Pennsylvania. Our rural friends will hardly know the locality when they come to pay us their annual visit next September. Capt. Darragh, the President and Mr. Benj. Ewing, the Secretary, are giving the work much of their personal attention, and we doubt not but that it will be well and economically done

The Chairman of the Republican County Committee has issued the following call:

PRIMARY ELECTIONS.

In accordance with the rules of the party, the Republicans of Beaver county will meet at the usual places of holding elections, on Saturday, the 31st day of May, and vote for candidates for nomination for the offices below named:

One person for Assembly;
One person for Prothonotary;
One person for Treasurer;
One person for Commissioner.
One person for Poor House Director;
One person for Jury Commissioner
One person for Auditor;
Two persons for Trustees of Academy.

They will also elect members of the County Committee as follows:

Big Beaver twp	2	Independence twp	1
Beaver boro	2	Industry twp	1
Borough twp	1	Marion twp	1
Bridgewater boro	2	McGuire dist	1
Brighton twp	1	Moon twp	1
Baden boro	1	New Brighton, N. W.	2
Beaver Falls	4	" " M. W.	2
Chippewa twp	1	" " S. W.	2
Darlington twp	2	New Sewickley twp	2
Economy twp	1	North Sewickley twp.	1
Fallston boro	1	New Galilee boro	1
Franklin twp	1	Ohio twp	2
Freedom dist	1	Patterson twp	1
Freedom boro.	1	Phillipsburg boro	1
Frankfort dist	2	Pulaski twp	1
Glasgow boro	1	Raccoon twp	2
Greene twp	3	Rochester boro	3
Georgetown boro	1	Rochester twp	1
Harmony twp	1	South Beaver twp	2
Hopewell twp	2	St. Clair boro	1

The County Convention will convene at the Court House on Monday, June 2d, at ten o'clock, a. m.

W. S. Shallenberger.
Chr'n. Co. Com.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are requested to announce the names of the following gentlemen for the offices designated:

For Assembly.
Hon. S. J. CROSS, Rochester borough.

For Prothonotary.
JOHN SLENTZ, Ohio township.

For Treasurer.
H. W. SEELEY, Rochester borough.
JAMES TODD, Raccoon township.

For Auditor.
S. N. WARRICK, South Beaver township.

Buckingham's whisker dye at J. W. Williams' shaving rooms.

Prof. Fowler's Greatest Work.—The National Publishing Company, of Philadelphia, have just issued a very important and valuable work, by Prof. O. S. Fowler, on Manhood, Womanhood, and their Mutual Interrelations; Love, Its Laws, Power, etc. It is a masterly exposition of the laws which control the relations of the sexes, and their duties towards each other, and it is not asserting too much to pronounce it the most valuable and timely publication of the age.

"Know thyself!" was the profound injunction of the ancient sage, and it is the neglect to comply with this precept which causes nearly all the misery and sickness of the world. It is astonishing to find how utterly ignorant men and women, otherwise accomplished and intelligent, are concerning themselves. Husbands and wives constantly feel the need of more light on the subject of their relations to each other, especially concerning the great duty for which marriage was instituted—the begetting and rearing of a family

It is for the purpose of diffusing this knowledge that Professor Fowler has given to the world this work on "Sexual Science," which is simply an explanation of the laws which govern the sexes in their relations to each other. He points out the duties of husbands and wives and discloses facts of which no true man or woman ought to be ignorant. He lets us into the secret of preserving female health and beauty far into old age, and shows how mothers can avoid much of the suffering of bringing children into the world—a subject in which every woman is interested, and how "female complaints" may be avoided with ease and certainty.

His book is pure and elevated in its style and ideas, and furnishes a practical solution of many of the most perplexing questions of life. It should be read by the young and old, by the married and single, and especially by those contemplating marriage. It touches upon questions and discusses them thoroughly, in which every married person is interested. The advise which it gives to unhappy or indifferent husbands and wives is sound and practical, and its warnings to those who seek to promote pleasure at the expense of health ought to be read by every one The terrible practice of "regulating the size of families," which prevails in many parts of our country, is shown in its true light, and we commend the chapters concerning it to every husband and wife.

All friends of morality and purity in social life will hail the advent of Professor Fowler's book with delight, and those who seek information upon the curious and tragic features of domestic life, those who would study human nature strip ped of its marks and disguises, will find this volume the best hand-book in existence. Young men who value their domestic happiness, should not fail to read his remarks on the subject of selecting a wife, as the information it contains is beyond value.

The book is a real blessing to the public, and will be regarded as such by all who read it. The low price at which it is issued brings it within the reach of all, and every person who wants to arrive at a proper understanding of the true relations of the sexes, should procure a copy. It is sold by subscription only, and agents are wanted in every county.

Mr. A. M. Gibson, who was connected with "The Paper," published in Pittsburgh some two years ago, is now the Washington correspondent of the New York *Sun*. He claims to have started the Credit Mobilier investigation, which resulted in the break-down of so many of our public men. He says:

Well, if after I am dead anybody thinks enough of my memory to put up a stone at my grave (and, by the way, I don't care a —— whether it is done or not,) I hope they will place upon it the fact that I stole the record from a Pennsylvania Court, and *printed the facts which led to the* Credit Mobilier exposure.

[Louisville Courier Journal Editorial, April 7th.]

Postponement of the Public Library Gift Concert. — It will be seen by the announcement in our advertising columns that the third gift concert of the Public Library of Kentucky, which was to have taken place to-day, has been postponed until July 8. This postponement has not been occasioned, as we are advised by Gov. Bramlette, by the small sales of tickets; on the contray, the sales have been unusually large—much larger than at either of the preceding concerts—so large, indeed, that the time given by this ninety-day posponement will enable Gov. Bramlette to dispose of every ticket and insure a full drawing without any reduction or scaling of the gifts as has heretofore been the case. Gov. B. sees his way so clearly that he announces in the most positive and unequivocal language that the drawing will take place July 8, and that it will be a full one. The owner of the ticket drawing the capital gift will get $100,000 in greenbacks without any discount, and so of all the other gifts. The money sufficient to pay all the gifts—$500,000 in greenbacks—is already on deposit in the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank, set apart for the payment of the gifts and can be used for no other purpose, as will be seen by the cashier's certificate. With a knowledge of these facts—and we do not hesitate to guarantee their scrupulous fulfillment—there will be such a demand for the tickets now on hand that in all probability not a single one will be left for sale weeks before the time of drawing. There never was a fairer or more honorably-conducted enterprise before the public, and it has, as it deserves, the entire confidence of our people. It is one of those schemes in which the purchasers of tickets feel the most positive assurance that the drawing will be fair, for it will be controlled by the most prominent and distinguished citizens of the city and State, and those who draw gifts will be certain to get the money the moment their tickets are presented.

Rev. John H. Aughey, well known to many of our readers, has received and accepted a call to preach in one of the Presbyterian churches of St. Louis. He expects to move soon to his new field of labor. Mr. Aughey is a genial gentleman, a good citizen, and an efficient pastor, and we sincerely regret that he has made up his mind to leave us.

Mrs. Bence, 3d street, Beaver, has just received another and largest lot of Millinery Goods his season, she has now *all* the spring and summer styles for 1873, with a fine selection of flowers, ribbons, hats, bonnets, kid gloves, embroideries fancy goods and notions generally. Hats and bonnets altered, cleaned and done over, also stamping done to order. Reader, she respectfully solicits your patronage. apr30 4w

Something very sad has happened to a lady in Lawrence, Mass. Last week she turned her head suddenly to the rear, and there, at the latest advices, it remained, although a convocation of surgeons has been devising ways and means to get it back again. One is naturally reminded by this catastrophe of Lot's wife; although it is not stated that this lady was looking back for anything in particular.

New Shoe Store.—If you want a good pair of Boots and Shoes of the latest style at a reduced price, go to G. C. Atkins & Co's.

The Ghost in the Jail.—The nocturnal visits of the ghost still continue in the county jail. The inmates of the institution declare that we did not exaggerate the account in our last issue. In fact we did not tell half that occurred. One prisoner asserts in a serious manner, that one night, shortly after midnight, he was lying on his bunk in his cell, wide awake. Presently he heard a light step coming up the stairs, and along the corridor to his cell. He looked up, and on the foot of his bed sat a female figure; the apparition staid but a moment, then disappeared. This occurred one night last week. A prisoner who was confined in the jail last fall says that very frequently the ghost appeared in his cell, and that one night he threw his pillow at it. At another time he was walking through the jail, and he heard the ghost walk past him, and that he kicked at it, and that his foot seemed to come in contact with some heavy body, but he could see nothing, although this was in broad day light. Another inmate says that it came to his cell one night and jerked the bed clothing off of his bed. Thinking that some one was playing a trick on him, he got up and, although the gas was burning in the jail, he could see no one in front of his cell, yet he could hear a chain rattling furiously right before his cell door. At another time, last fall, when all the cells were filled, one man was committed to jail for some minor offense, and he was permitted to sleep outside of the cells on a cot. Next morning he told the Sheriff, in a very serious manner, that the jail was undoubtedly haunted. That during the night, a large, most hideous and wicked looking black cat, with eyes like big balls of fire, came up to his cot, and made an unearthly yawl. He raised up and threw his boots at it, when it spurred up its back, and converted itself into a wild boar. It so frightened him, that he called loudly for the Sheriff to come to his relief, when the thing disappeared, and was not seen again.

An old lady now living in Uniontown, and who was a member of Sheriff Sangston's family, about thirty years ago, says the prisoners confined in the old jail, always contended that a ghost made nightly visits to the jail, rattling a chain and slamming the cell doors. During Sheriff Walker's term of office, the prisoners sometimes declared that a ghost would come to the jail, pull the clothing from their beds, and otherwise torment them. It is a mystery, and is creating a great deal of excitement among the prisoners. One colored man confined in the jail, will not sleep by himself, and begged a white prisoner to permit him to sleep on the floor in his cell. The white man consented, and they both occupy the same cell at night. A great many skeptics in town have expressed themselves willing to go to the jail and discover what is creating all this uproar, but so far they have not asked Sheriff Messmore to allow them to do so, although any responsible persons may stay in the jail over night, and if they can, discover the ghost. But up to this writing, no one seems to have the courage to do so. Some say they don't care about being *locked up in the jail all night; others*, that the jail is *such a dreary looking place*, they don't care about visiting it at all, on any occasion. So we presume the ghost will not be molested in its nightly visits to our jail.—*Uniontown Standard.*

The justice of the verdict rendered by the public years ago in favor of the *Mexican Mustang Liniment* must be apparent to all who have used that famous preparation or seen it used. Its healing influence is irresistable. The most obstinate forms of neuralgic or rheumatic disease are totally cured by it, and that in an inconceivable short space of time. External injuries or sores, whether of man or beast, as well as all equine or human maladies for which a liniment may be used, are speedily remedied by its use. Remember it is not merely a palliative but an eradicant of disease.

Bail Forfeited.—It will be remembered that some weeks since Babe Montgomery, whose achievements are so well known throughout Washington county, was arrested at Pittsburgh, on the charge of attempting to shoot Robert Edwards, in a saloon in Pittsburgh. "Babe was held in two thousand dollars bail for his appearance for trial at the next court. Mr. T. Schild entered the necessary security for his appearance upon receiving an indemnifying bond, which has been entered in the Prothonotary's office at this place. The sequel is given in the Pittsburgh *Dispatch* of Thursday last. When the bail was given District Attorney Bayne entertained suspicions that "Babe" intended making his escape, and at the earliest moment he called the attention of Judge Sterrett, of the Criminal Court, to the fact. The Judge immediately instructed the Grand Jury then in session to find an indictment against Montgomery, in order that he might be arrested, brought before the Court, and required to give a larger bail. The officers however failed to find him, and when the case came up for trial in default of his appearance, the bail was declared forfeited and it was subsequently paid in full by Mr. Schild. At the time the Court ordered the Grand Jury to find an indictment against Montgomery, it was considered by some an unusual proceeding, but from what can be learned of the case the District Attorney was doubtless right in his suspicions. It is stated on tolerably good authority that Montgomery fully intended to evade justice when he procured bail. He is said to be worth an estate of some value, and Mr. Schild will, in all probability, be reimbursed for the money he paid. Montgomery is reported to have told certain parties before he left there, that he was willing to pay that amount out of his estate to escape the clutches of Judge Sterrett. He would go, he said, out into the world, he did not know nor care particularly where; but would in future try to mend his ways, and if he ever came again it would be as a different man from what he has been. Warrants are still out for him as a fugitive from justice, and it may be that he will yet be arrested.—*Washington Reporter.*

New York, July 15, 1872.

C. T. Raynolds & Co.:

Gentlemen:—I have carefully analyzed the sample of White Lead, branded "Beymer, Bauman & Co.'s Pure White Lead, Pittsburgh," and find that it is a *Pure White Lead*, ground in Oil. It is entirely free from Barytes and every other impurity or admiration. Respectfully yours,

C. F. Chandler, Ph. D.
Prof. Analytical and Applied Chemistry, School of Mines, Columbia College.

Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis.—As the disease, named as above, is becoming prevalent, and moreover, as a case is said to have developed in Beaver Falls a couple of weeks ago, we publish the following history of the malady in this country, as we find it in one of our New York exchanges:

"The first epidemic visitation of Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis occurred in 1806, when it gradually spread through New England, Camden, New York and Pennsylvania, from 1807 to 1813. It was again epidemic in a number of the States between 1810 and 1850, and again in 1853 and 1858. But in 1863 and 1865, during the war, it was more widely prevalent. Since then it has never altogether disappeared from the country. In New York and Brooklyn, at the beginning of 1872, a considerable number of fatal cases were reported, but it is an epidemic that it has of late years attracted the attention of physicians."

Rough on the Judges.—An Iowa Judge gives it as his opinion that more brains are required to play poker than are necessary to run a court.

Holloway's Pills.—A foul stomach produces obstructions in the liver, irritation of the the bowles, headache, nervous debility, emaciation, exhaustion—death. Arrest the cause of these terrible consequences with Holloway's irresistable Pills. Sold 78 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Price 25 cents per box. Ask for new style; the old is counterfeited.

Listen to my Words.—If the attention of any one afflicted with a long standing chronic disease can be obtained to read over the vast and astounding cures made by Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure, many a life will be sweetened and prolonged. Many a fargone case of Consumption has been snatched from the brink of the grave by this really life restoring medicine. Weakness and debility fly from it, and the blood, the source of life and health, is enriched by its balmy virtues. The brows of the Roman conquerors were bound with laurel in honor of their victories. Dr. Keyser's victories are over disease and suffering. Write to him and get an essay on chronic lung diseases.

Office, 167 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Price of Lung Cure $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 per half dozen.

We have received a communication from three ladies in and near New Brighton, who complain of the Brooks Sewing Machine Company of New York. This company have an advertisement in the Argus, and we presume the ladies who write to us were induced, through this advertisement, to purchase machines from them. We shall make inquiries touching the matter, and if we find the company an unworthy one, our business connection with it will be speedily dissolved.

Attention, Company!!!—Notice is hereby given that the restaurant known by the name of the *Bon Ton*, and formerly kept by Wm. Strickland, corner of Falls and Broadway, New Brighton, is now occupied by Mr. John Bishop as an *Eating House*; after having been thoroughly refitted and furnished. Mr. Bishop is well known as a caterer, and the public will no doubt be well pleased to know that he now tenders his services to the people of this vicinity. Meals can be had at all hours. Come one, come all. Basement of M'Clains new brick, corner of Falls and Broadway, New Brighton.

The steamboat Juniata, last saturday on her way to Cincinnati was detained at Vanvort under the following circumstances: It appears that two of the pilots while the boat was at Rochester, went up town, the boat leaving without them, the captain supposing them to be on board. The boat rounded to at Vanport, and the mate procured a horse and wagon and started to Rochester after the pilots; but in the interim the pilots returned by river in a skiff. They created quite an excitement by signaling the pilots and mate with the whistle, and quite a number of men and boys gathered on the river bank to see what was wrong. The boat had a fine large cargo of freight and passengers. The mate returned,—after having gone all the way to Rochester; and the boat left Vanport at 9 o'clock a. m., having been detained nearly three hours. Rep.

New Goods.—S. & J. Snellenburg have just received a large invoice of cassimeres, meltons, cheviots, diagnels, trecats and cloths in all colors and paterns; and scotch goods of every variety suitable for summer wear. Those wishing suits made to order can now be accommodated on short notice. They have also a very large stock of ready made clothing for men, youths and small boys, at reasonable prices. Now is your time to secure choice of goods and also to save 20 per cent in the price of them. Enough to supply all in the county.

Teachers in possession of valid professional certificates granted in this county will please forward them to me to be endorsed.

A special examination for profession certificates will be held at the office of the County Superintendent in Beaver, commencing on Friday, May 9, at 9 o'clock, a. m., and continue two days. Applicants for certificates will be required to bring recommendations from a majority of the board or boards of directors in whose employment they shall have taught for two preceding annual school terms.
M. L. Knight,
County Superintendent.

$100 will buy a good second hand leather top buggy. Six months time will be given for payment. Inquire for M. at Argus office. 4-30 tf

Going to Pittsburgh.—We see it stated in one of our Pittsburgh exchanges, that the Hon. William McClelland, ex-Congressman for this District, is about to move his residence from Lawrence county to Pittsburgh, at which place he will engage in the practice of law. Capt. McClelland is a genial, clever gentleman, was an efficient Representative, and our city friends will find him a valuable requisition to their place.

It is against the law to kill blue birds, martins, swallows, robbins or other insectiverous birds at any season. The penalty for violating this law is five dollars for every offense.

Published by request.

Died—At his residence, in Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pa., on Monday, September 6, 1854, Mr. Boston Small, aged 73 years.

In chronicling the death of Mr. Small, we deem it entitled to something more than the ordinary passing notice. He being one of the pioneer setters of this county.

In conversation with the deceased some eight weeks ago, he informed us that when he came to this county, sixty-three years ago, there were but three white families residing north of the Ohio river. It may be well for us all to pause for a moment and reflect on the changes that have been witnessed by Mr. Small, during his sojourn here He saw the forest felled by the hand of industry. The wilderness become fruitful fields and pleasant hamlets. Towns and villages spring up, where, on his arrival, the red man of the forest caught his fish and hunted his game. He saw the first steamboat descend the Ohio river, and afterwards, the locomotive and railroad cars whirl along its banks. He has seen the telegraphic wires stretched along the precipices, where the wild beasts made their lair. He lived to read the dispatches sent along the bottom of the Atlantic ocean, between the President of the United States and Queen of Great Britain.

Mr. Small assisted in establishing week day and Sabbath Schools, Academies and Seminaries. But above all he spent his best energies in the erection and support of the church, and long enjoyed the privilege of assembling with his fellow Christians in the house of God. But he is gone. He died as he lived, a member in full communion in the Presbyterian church of Bridgewater.—"Like a shock of corn fully ripe, he has been gathered to his fathers"

On last Sabbath Mr. Small was in his seat at church, on Monday morning he left the house to attend to some little chores, on his way returning, he appeared to have stopped to pick up some apples under a tree, some five or six being found in the bucket beside him, where he seemed to have sunk down dead.—*Western Star.*

Noble County, Indiana, has 1,726 soldiers of the late war, and it is proposed to organize a mutual life insurance company, to be confined exclusively to these "boys in blue."

Since it has pleased the Father, Governor and Ruler of all things, to take from us our beloved brother, Rev. D. P. Lowary, therefore be it

Resolved, That in the death of our beloved brother, the community in which he lived, the church over which he so ably presided in holy things for so many years, our order of which he was a consistant and faithful member, and the many warm and personal friends with whom he daily associated, as well as the widow and fatherless child have sustained a loss which, although in the order of nature, and received with humble submission, is deeply felt.

Resolved, That we tender our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved widow and only surviving child of our departed brother, and other friends to whom he was dear, and with them rejoice that his sufferings are over, and that he has gone to forever dwell with his master whom he loved so well, and to enjoy that peaceful rest, the hope of which so often inspired his words and cheered him in his arduous labors.

Resolved, That our lodge be draped in mourning, and that our members wear the usual badge of mourning for the usual number of days.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of the deceased, and also be published in the county papers.

Smith Curtis,
A. G White, } Com.
S. J. Johnston,

A No. 1 suit of clothing (coats, pants, and vests) for $10.00 only, at Hibbards, Rochester, Pa. apr16-4w

There are elephants in Kansas, independent of those owned and handled by showmen, but you must dig deep to find them.

For a nice clean shave go to John W. Williams' shaving emporium, Quay's Building, Beaver, Pa.

DIED.

PENDLETON—In Rochester, Beaver county, Pa., April 23, 1873, after a long and painful illness, which she bore with Christian patience and fortitude, Phebe A., wife of Capt. Gilbert Pendleton, in the 55th year of her age.

BRUNTON—On Sunday morning, April 20, 1873, Ella, daughter of Wm. and Lizzie Brunton, aged 3¼ years.

MARRIED.

NEVILL—BOGGS—In Rochester, Pa., April 24th inst, by John Y. Marks, esq., Mr. Vincent Nevill, of Industry, and Miss Kate Boggs, of Rochester, Beaver county, Pa.

New Advertisements.

DIRECTORY
TO
Leading Business Houses
OF
PITTSBURGH.

Arranged for the convenience of our Readers.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.
Thos. L. McClelland, Dispatch Building, 67 and 69 Fifth Avenue, authorized agent for all leading newspapers in the United States.

ARTISTS' AND SURVEYERS' MATERIALS.
Geo. W. Backofen, 161 Smithfield St.

AMUSEMENTS.
Library Hall, Penn St.
Burnell's Museum, Fifth Ave.
Fred. Aims' American Theatre, Fifth Avenue.
Pittsburgh Opera House, Fifth Ave.
Trimble's Varieties, Penn St.

BANKS AND BANKERS:
United States Bank, 123 4th Avenue.
Duquesne Savings Bank, 64 Fourth Ave
Geo. B Hill & Co., 58 Fourth Avenue.

BUSINESS COLLEGES.
Iron City College, cor. Penn & Sixth St.
P. Duff & Sons, 37 Fifth Ave.

BRUSH MANUFACTORIES.
F. H. Stewart & Co., 120 Wood St.

BROKERS IN BONDS, NOTES AND STOCKS.
Isadore Coblens, 58½ Fourth Ave.
Isaac M. Pennock, 114 Fourth Ave.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
Gildenfeny & Hess, 45 Fifth Ave.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
B. Himmelrich & Son, 86 and 109 Market St.

CIGARS & TOBACCO.
T J Wallace, 31 6th St. (wholesale)
Piper & Co., 282 Liberty St. (wholesale.)

CARRIAGES.
Workman & Davis, 167, 169, 171 Penn Avenue.

CLOTHING & FURNISHING GOODS
Boston One-Price Clothing House, 95 Smithfield St., and 178 Federal St., Allegheny.
T. Tobias, 13, 6th St. (Merchant Tailor.)

DRY GOODS.
J. W. Spencer, removed to 95 Market St., formerly M'Fadden's Jewelry Store

DRUGS, MEDICINES AND PERFUMERIES
James E. Burns & Co., Penn & Sixth Sts

ENGRAVERS ON WOOD.
C D Butler, 22 5th avenue

FLORISTS AND SEEDSMEN.
James Bennett, 132 Smithfield St.
Send for Free Catalogue.

FURNITURE.
T B Young & Co, 21 Smithfield St.
J. W. Woodwell & Co., 97 & 99 Third Avenue.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
H. J. Adams. 72 5th avenue, (Importer.) Shirts a specialty.

GUNS AND FISHING TACKLE.
H. H. Schulte, 330 Liberty St.

HATS AND CAPS.
Heimberger & Logan, 99 5th avenue.
Goodman & Mackley, 117 Wood St.

HAIR GOODS.
Julien Morrow, 73 Market St.

HOTELS.
StClair Hotel, corner 6th and Penn Sts
American House, 342 Liberty St.

JEWELERS.
D. P. Hoyle, 85 5th avenue.
Geo. W. Biggs, 159 Smithfield Street.

JOB PRINTERS and STATIONERS
Stevenson & Foster, Third Ave. and Wood St.

KESTONE BURNING FLUID.
P. Weisenberger & Co., 120 Smithfield St.

LOOKING GLASSES, PICTURES & FRAMES.
Boyd & Murray, 58 5th avenue
J. J. Gillespie & Co., 86 Wood St.
W. W. Barker, 87 5th avenue.
Louis J. Brecht, 128 Smithfield St.

LUBRICATING and BURNING OILS.
G. G. Pennock, 23 7th street.

MINING & SPORTING POWDER
Arthur Kirk 19, 6th St. Agent for Hazard Powder Co.

MANUFACTURING JEWELER.
C. Terbeyden, 130 Smithfield St.

MACHINERY AND STEAM PUMPS.
Hutchison & Co., 28 Wood St., cor. 2d ave

MERCHANT TAILORS.
Henry Meyer, 73 Smithfield street.
P. McArdle, 82 Smithfield street.
Byrne & Urling, 101 Smithfield street.
Urling & Buchlon, 54 6th St.
P. J. Urling. J. H. Buchlon, J. W. Birmingham.

NICKLE GOLD AND SILVER PLATING.
Walter E. Hague, Virgin Alley, near Wood street.

PLATE GLASS & SHOW CASES
J Gillespie & Co, 86 Wood street

PHOTOGRAPHS.
L Strub, 69 5th avenue
B. L. H. Dabbs, 46 6th street.
W. H. Whitehead, 29 5th avenue.
J. R. Pearson, 70 5th avenue.

PICKLES, SAUCES, VINEGAR, &c.
Heinz, Noble & Co., 167 & 169, 2d Ave

PIANOS, ORGANS and MUSICAL GOODS.
J. M. Hoffman, 62 5th Ave. (Importer.)
Barr & Knake, 12 Sixth St.

RESTUARANT & BILLIARD ROOMS
G Mashy, under Pittsburgh opera house

STENCILS' STEEL STAMPS AND SEAL PRESSES
J D Mathews, 73 3d avenue, near Market
W A Bunting, 184 Liberty street

SPRINGS AND AXLES.
Duquesne Spring & Axle Works, 171 Penn Ave.

TRUNKS, VALISES AND LADIE'S SATCHELS.
Joseph Liebler, 113 Wood street
W J Gilmore, 38 5th avenue
Vogel & Graham, 118 and 146 Wood St

THROAT, LUNG & EAR DISEASES.
Dr. J. A. Hunter, 256 Penn St.

UPHOLSTERERS.
R. W. Roberts, 153 Wood St.

WEATHER STRIPS AND WOOD CARPETS.
Wilts' upholstery—Agent for Western Penn'a and Eastern Ohio—44 Smithfield street.

WOOD AND IRON WORKING MACHINERY.
M. B. Cochrane & Co., 121 Liberty St.

WHITE LEAD AND COLORS.
T. H. Nevin & Co., cor. Third ave. and Market St.
apr3-7&ly

AT ROCHESTER FOR ONE DAY ONLY!

Monday, May 5th, 1873,

AFTERNOON AND EVENING, ON

PUBLIC SQUARE,

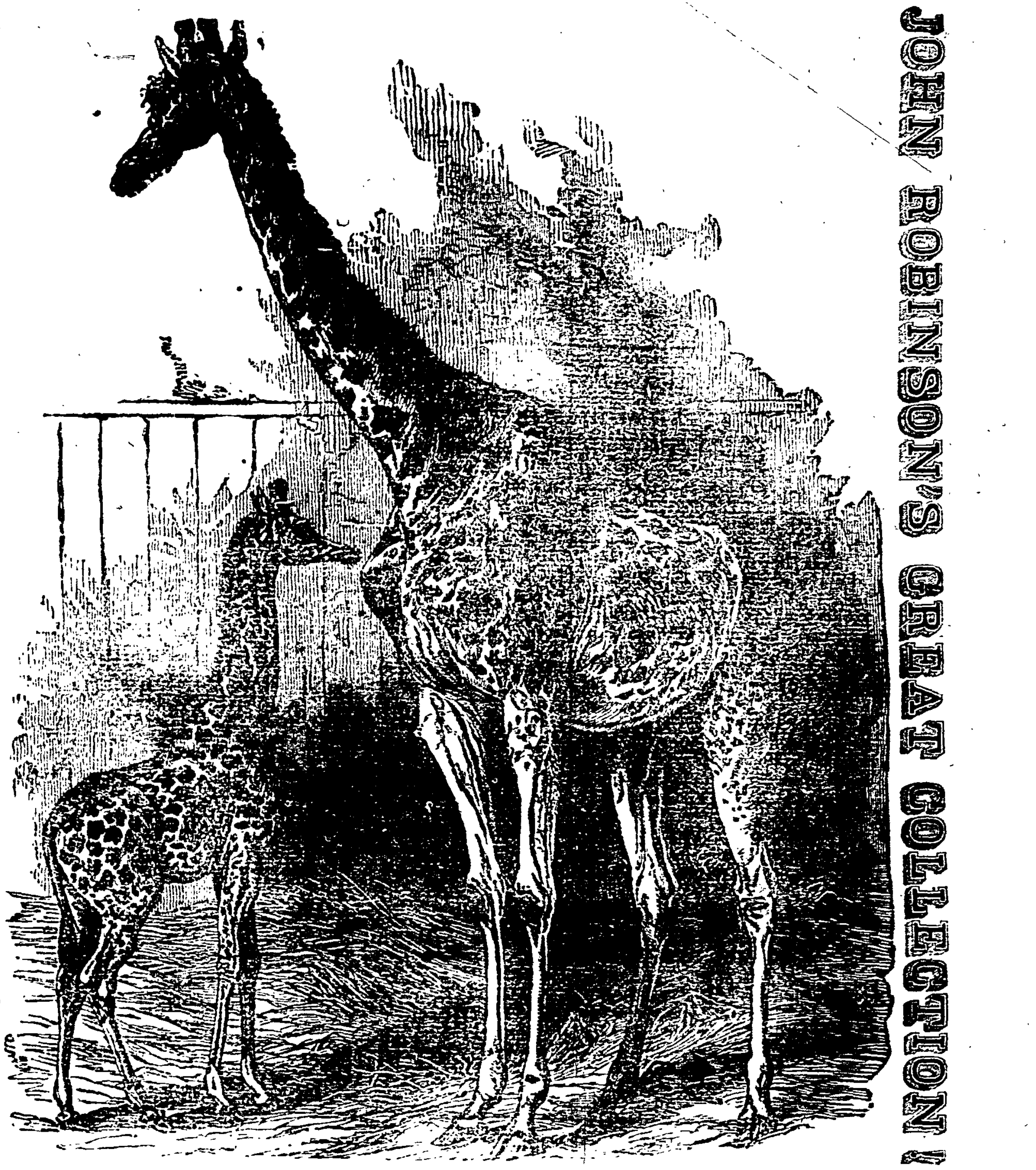
JOHN ROBINSON'S

GREAT

WORLD'S EXPOSITION!

Embodying in one Grand Traveling Exhibition more Genuine Usefulness, General Information, Greater Curiosities, more Object Teaching, Rational Amusement, and Inimitable Show Demonstrations than were ever congregated together by the will of MAN, backed by Millions of Capital.

JOHN ROBINSON'S GREAT WORLD'S EXPOSITION!



JOHN ROBINSON'S GREAT COLLECTION!

Use a Special Fleet of Steamers for Transportation,

Employ 2,000 Men and Horses, have 100 Male Performers, Sixty Smallest Ponies in the World, Twenty Beautiful Lady Celebrities, 42 Cages of Wild Beasts, 15 Sun-Bright Tents, 40 Musicians, 5 Great Golden Chariots, 3 Solid Miles of Procession.

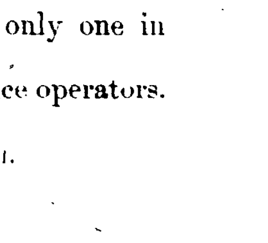
SEATING CAPACITY, 15,000,

List of Specialties Actually Exhibited in

JOHN ROBINSO'S GREAT COLLECTION!

$1,000,000 Challenge to Substantiate the Same.

1 SOUTH AFRICAN GIRAFFE, 9 feet 2 inches High; cost $12,000.
1 HIPPOPOTAMUS, from the Baher-el-azrek or Blue River Nile; $30,000.
1 DOUBLE-HORNED, 3 ton Black Sormatran RHINOCEROS; $13,000.
9 ALASKA SEA LIONS, eat 500 lbs. fresh fish daily, and cost $30,000,
1 Five Ton Performing Elephant; cost $20,000.
1 Royal Nondescript Taurus, with 3 Horns and Eyes; cost $9,000 and the only one in America
1 Giant Ostrich, 15 feet high, not an Emu, as is usually palmed off by confidence operators.
1 Ton Spiral Horned African Eland.
1 African Harte Beest, often advertised but only seen in Old John's collection.
1 POLAR OR WHITE BEAR, and only one in America.
1 Snow-White Yak of Tartary.
1 ROYAL BENGAL TIGER.
1 RING VULTURE.
1 CASSOWARY, Bird without Wings or Tongue.
15 Asiatic and African Lions, and Lionesses and Cubs.



One-fifth of a Mile of Anacondas and Boa Constrictors in a huge Crystal Den.

Together with American Bisons, Camels, Dromedaries, Llamas, Zebras, White Deers, Porcupines, Hyenas, and an innumerable quality and quantity of Monkeys, Apes, Birds, Mechanical Curiosities, and Animals found in all FIRST-CLASS MENAGERIES known to Zoologists and impossible to enumerate, and well worth one week's patient study of the Naturalists and Lover of Our Divine Ruler's Handiwork.

After Passing Through Numberless Pavilions, the Patrons Special Attention is Called to the

STRICTLY MORAL CIRCUS,

Embracing the finest Arenic Talent the Sun ever shone upon, with its Army of Celebrities, Bare-Back Male and Female Equestrians, Finished Gymnasts, Voltigeurs, Four Great Clowns, Trained Horses, Ponies, and almost an entire change in the most difficult feats of Skillful Horseback Riding and New Gymnastic Acts created expressly to add additional eclat to the

MAGNIFICENT HIPPODROME EXERCISES.

Doors Open at 1 and 7 p. m. Tournament Commences at 2 and 8 p. m. Sharp.

F. H. BAILEY, General Agent.

SELECT MISCELLANY.

"A State Treasurer's Scheme."

The people and the press are at last beginning to realize the iniquity of the schemes of the Treasury Ring, which *The Express* has been fighting almost single handed for the past three years. The last important accession to our side is the Philadelphia *Ledger*, which, in its issue of Wednesday, thus pointedly condemns the latest legislative outrage in attempting to nullify the Constitution by continuing Mackey another year in the Treasurer's office. The *Ledger* very properly denounces the proceeding as "a State Treasurer's Scheme:"

"A STATE TREASURER SHALL BE CHOSEN by the qualified electors of the State." This command has been a part of the Constitution of the Commonwealth since the second Tuesday of January last. It was placed in the Constitution to rid the State of the annual disgraces which attended the choice of a Treasurer by the Legislature. For years and years it had been apparent that the State moneys had been used corruptly. At length, in 1872, the people had an opportunity to express their will on the subject, and by an overwhelming majority they declared that the Legislature should no longer be entrusted with the election of the Treasurer. Since January the Legislature has had ample time to pass the necessary law to carry the command of the Constitution into effect, but instead of doing it the majorities in the two Houses conspired to defeat the Constitution *for a whole year*, in order that *they*, instead of the "qualified electors of the State," shall choose the State Treasurer to have control of the Treasury balance of one or two millions of dollars until *the first day of May*, 1874. This high-handed conspiracy was the cause of another disgraceful scene in the House on Monday. Those who read the proceedings, will remember that Speaker Elliott left the chair in charge of a substitute, took the floor himself, moved to proceed to the consideration of a bill by its *number* only, and before the members could discover what bill was meant, Mr. Elliott's substitute rapidly declared the motion carried, and in a flash the House had before it a bill to defeat the Constitution and the will of the people in the matter of the election of State Treasurer. When the scandalous trick became apparent, the House broke into a scene of natural but most disgraceful uproar. The outrage led to its logical results. It is surprising that any sane man took any part in the affair, for it was not only inexcusably, but utterly unnecessary to the success of the lawless scheme. Its backers had the force to put the bill through without it. We have never had the slightest expectation that it would be defeated. It is *a State Treasurer's* scheme, and every one understands the resistless power of that. It carries conviction with it all the way through.

And, it is thus that the Treasury Ring go on year after year in loading down the party which has inscribed on its banner, "honesty, efficiency and fidelity" as the essential qualifications for public positions. These conspirators against the integrity of the Republican party and the best interests of the people at large, were saved from humiliation last fall by the overshadowing importance of a Presidential campaign. Gov. Hartranft has done much to retrieve his reputation from the dark shadows these men had thrown upon it by their association with him, but we apprehend he is still not in a position to go the whole length of duty by vetoing this iniquitous measure, the pet scheme of his old associates in manipulating the State Treasury.—*Lancaster Express.*

Strange Larcenies in France.

Some time ago I told you of a robbery of cannons at the Fort of Vincennes, says a Paris correspondent of the New York *Times*, and remarked that one would as soon think of hearing that some one had run off with the towers of Notre Dame. If that sort of thing is to continue we shall soon come to believe that Rabelias does not exaggerate when he represents Gargantua taking the bells of the cathedral to hang about the neck of his uncle. As improbable as the story of stealing the cannon from the parapet of a fort may appear, it was none the less a fact, and several men were condemned to prison for the robbery. Now we find that the artillery saddles and harness belonging to the same fort have been carried off with the greatest ease, and in broad daylight. A soldier who formerly belonged to the First Battery of the Twelfth Regiment of Artillery, now stationed at Vincennes, has been arrested for this petty larceny, and has informed the authorities that the real thief was one of his companions named Reynal, who is supposed to be enjoying the proceeds of his labors in Belgium or elsewhere. It seems that Reynal saw an artillery wagon standing in the street, the soldiers in charge having entered a shop to get their dinner. He drove off at once, and, meeting the soldier arrested, asked him to aid him in transferring the saddlery to another *magazin*. The two drove up to the fort and, before the eyes of the guards who recognized the horses and wagon, took out the harness and trappings of the entire battery, drove to the city, and sold the lot in the course of the evening. Some bits and collars have been found in a small shop, Rue Saint Maude, but the greater part, as well as the thief, is still missing. The man who aided in the work seems to have thought it a legitimate proceeding, and done by order. The guards have been put under arrest, together with the soldiers who have lost their wagon.

* * *

—Greenville, R. I., can't be a Paradise for a destitute and sick stranger to wander into. Three weeks ago such a poor unfortunate made his appearance there, and was ordered to leave, by an officer, as he was "hungry, moneyless, dirty, and had one hand useless from having been frostbitten." So he dragged himself away into a swamp, and died. He was worth holding an inquest over, however; and so the inquest was held, and after a number of the most substantial citizens had sat upon him it was discovered that he had died of small-pox! Verily, he had his revenge, if it was not a sweet one.

A Small Swindle Among the Connecticut Office Holders.

An extensive swindling operation has been going on for a short time, the extent of it only becoming apparent after the rogue had escaped. By means of a simple and well-contrived story, a scamp has obtained money from nearly every government official in the state. The number of victims, so far as known, are Collector Northrop, of New Haven, Collector Marshall, of New London; Hanover, of Bridgeport, the postmaster of Bridgeport, and Collector Seldwin, of Norwich. The story the fellow tells is as follows: He will come to a house about meal time and introduce himself as Wm. H. Lund, of the treasury department, Washington. He has been home in Maine a few days, and has been sent for to return to the treasury. He has got as far as New Haven or Bridgeport, as the case may be, and has got out of money. He would like enough to get back to Washington, and would send a draft on immediately. He expected some money from Mr.—, head clerk at New Haven, but it hasn't come. He must be back at Washington the next day. He then shows documents and otherwise shows such a familiarity with the treasury department and the men employed there, that there seems to be no doubt about his truthfulness. As a result he has swindled all these gentlemen named out of sums varying from three to ten dollars, and how many more no one knows. It is a game he can play any where.—*Hartford Courant.*

Number of Males and Females in the United States.

The number of male persons in the United States is 19,493,565; the number of females, 19,064,806; excess of males 428,759. Total population, according to the recent census, 38,558,371. The census of 1860 showed an excess of males 727,087. The falling off of the male population is probably owing to the losso by the war of the rebellion.

The following are the States and Territories which show an excess of males. These tables have been carefully compiled from the census of 1870:

	Males.	*Females.*	*Excess of Males.*
Arizona	6,887	2,771	4,116
Arkansas	48,261	236,210	12,051
California	349,479	210,768	133,711
Colorado	24,820	15,044	9,776
Dakota	8,878	5,303	3,575
Delaware	62,628	62,356	241
Florida	94,548	93,200	1,348
Idaho	12,184	2,815	9,369
Illinois	1,316,537	1,223,354	93,183
Indiana	857,994	822,643	35,251
Iowa	625,917	568,103	57,814
Kansas	202,224	162,175	40,019
Kentucky	665,675	655,341	10,339
Michigan	617,745	566,314	51,431
Minnesota	235,299	204,407	30,892
Missouri	896,347	824,948	71,399
Montana	16,771	3,824	12,947
Nebraska	70,425	52,868	17,557
Nevada	32,379	10,112	22,267
New Mexico	47,135	44,739	2,396
Ohio	1,337,550	1,327,710	9,840
Oregon	53,131	37,792	15,339
Texas	423,557	395,022	28,535
Utah	44,021	42,065	1,456
Vermont	165,721	164,889	891
Washington	14,990	8,965	6,025
West Virginia	222,843	219,181	3,672
Wisconsin	544,886	500,784	35,402
Wyoming	7,219	1,800	5,520

The following States, together with the District of Columbia, show an excess of females:

	Males.	*Females.*	*Excess of Females.*
Alabama	488,738	508,254	19,516
Connecticut	265,270	272,184	6,914
Dist. Columbia.	62,192	69,568	7,316
Georgia	578,955	605,154	26,199
Louisiana	362,165	364,750	2,585
Maine	313,103	313,812	709
Maryland	384,984	395,910	10,926
Massachusetts	703,779	753,572	49,793
Mississippi	413,413	414,501	1,088
New Hampshire	155,040	162,060	7,020
New Jersey	449,672	456,424	6,752
New York	2,163,210	2,219,584	56,301
North Carolina	518,704	552,657	33,953
Pennsylvania	1,758,499	1,763,453	4,953
Rhode Island	104,756	112,597	7,841
South Carolina	343 902	361,701	17,862
Tennessee	624 347	636,173	11,826
Virginia	597,058	628,105	31,047

CAPT. JACK'S GANG.

Graphic Description of the Lava Beds by One of Gen. Sheridan's Officers.

Mr. MacFeeley, of General Sheridan's staff, who has seen considerable service in Northern California and Southern Oregon, among the Lava Beds and in their vicinity, was called upon on Monday by a reporter of the Chicago *Inter-Ocean*, and gave some information in regard to them and their present inhabitants which has not hitherto been published.

"Major," said our reporter, encountering the gentleman at his office on Wabash avenue, "I understand you have some acquaintance with the Lava Beds."

"Yes, I have been among them, and, in fact, all over that country."

"What sort of a country is it out there?"

"It's a God-forsaken country for anybody to live in; that is, in the beds, but there is good land outside of them. The beds where Captain Jack is now, or was a few days ago, are probably from sixty to seventy-five miles square, and lie just south of the Oregon line, near Tule Lake."

"Anywhere near the Cascade Range?"

"Well, you might say they are on a spur of the Cascades, but they are west of the range. Off to the west is the Coast Range, and, to tell the truth, the country is almost all mountain and valley everywhere around there. It is a wild country. The lava beds were caused by volcanic convulsions. The trap rock has been violently thrown up while heated, and as it cooled, large caverns were formed in some places, and in others the rock is raised in points, knobs and various fantastic forms."

"It could easily be defended?"

"Yes; it is a natural fortification; almost impregnable. One man could hold it against ten, if he knew what he was about, and if it became warm for him there are dozens of lines of retreats through these lines of caves."

"Is there any vegetation in the lava beds?"

"They are totally destitute of vegetation—nothing but these odd forms of the upheaved rock, and occasionally a small body of water. Taken as a whole, it is about the wildest and most desolate region I have ever seen."

"How about Captain Jack's escape, if he wished to leave?"

"He would have no trouble at all in leaving. He might leave half a dozen men there to keep up appearances, and be off to the mountains with the rest of his band days *before* any one outside knew anything about it. And that is what I think he will do or has done already. You can't surround the whole bed, and if any place is left open he could very easily make his way to it."

"If he was shut in moderately close, how could he get provisions?"

"I think he is pretty well provisioned now. You could take whole herds of cattle in there and keep them in the valleys or underground passage in perfect safety. It is my opinion that that is what he has done already."

"Have you ever had any experience with the Modocs?"

"I have had some."

"Are they very wild as a rule?"

"Some of them are what might be called decent for Indians, but this band of Captain Jack's is the worst lot of Indians that ever got together. They are all half civilized and speak pretty good English. They learned it from hanging so much around the settlements. This tribe that Captain Jack leads is made up of the worst kind of thieves, murderers and desperadoes who have gathered in from different parts of that section of country when the places they left got too hot to hold them. I have never seen Captain Jack, but I have seen some of his band, and a more desperate, blood-thirsty gang of cut-throats I never saw in my life. If he gets out of the Lava Beds, and reaches the mountains, it will be almost impossible to reach him. The gang will scatter, and you might not find half a dozen of them in a year."

The Ring Rule at Harrisburg.

Our Harrisburg correspondent gives a graphic description of a scene in the House on Monday which is a burning disgrace to even that long since disgraced body. The Ring, which seems determined to compass the destruction of the Republican party, resorted to their usual tactics to rush through the bill legislating State Treasurer Mackey into office for another year. As usual, that prince of legislative scamps, Elliott, vacated the chair to engineer the dirty job, and put a pliant tool of Mackey into the Speaker's chair. The motive for this outrage was innocently stated by Elliott, as reported in the associated press despatch where he said, "in regard to the merits of the bill, that *neither the majority nor minority of the House could afford* to adjourn without passing it"—which, in plain English, means that the Treasury Ring rules the roosters of both parties, and that their only hope of retaining power for even another year, is by continuing Mackey in office, until a packed convention shall have an opportunity to again force the Treasury dynasty upon the party for a still longer term. The fulfillment of the predictions made in this paper last fall, in regard to the schemes of the Ring, are being rapidly fulfilled, and the people will in due time realize their painful truth.—*Lancaster Express.*

* * *

—Messrs. *Hibbard* and *Parker*, Democratic members from New Hampshire, are also announced as having refused to take the plunder. This makes 34 Senators and members so far who have either declined to touch the money, or having received it from the Sergeant at Arms, subsequently returned it to the Treasury.

New Advertisements.

STEVENSON & WITTISH, LAND OFFICE,

No. 198 Penn-St., Pittsburgh, & Beaver Falls, Pa.

☞ We offer the following described properties for sale. Call at our office and examine our Register of properties for sale:

No. 30.

This farm contains 53 acres of first class soil, mostly cleared; with enough of good timber; situated 4 miles from New Brighton, on the New Castle road, in North Sewickley twp., Beaver Co., Pa., has a very good orchard; the farm is in good order and repair; A NEW FRAME HOUSE of 6 rooms, well finished; A NEW FRAME BARN, with other outbuildings; plenty of good water, spring at the house, running water on the place. Price low and easy terms. Inquire of ADAM KIRK, Jr., owner, or Stevenson and Wittish.

No. 232.

A desirable farm containing 270 acres, situate in Economy township, Beaver Co., Pa., 1¼ miles from the station at Legionville, P. Ft. W. & C. R. R. 100 acres improved, 170 acres in excellent timber; all tillable when cleared, and can be worked by machinery; good water on the place, good springs, never-failing, and runs; good limestone and building-stone, with quarry open; good fences, good fruit on the place; frame dwelling house two stories, containing 5 rooms; frame bank barn 30x60 feet in good repair; stabling connected; good society in neighborhood, convenient to churches, stores, post-office; a pleasant location. Price, $16,200.

NO. 148.

A splendid farm of 187 acres, 100 acres cleared and under cultivation, situate in South Beaver township, Beaver county, Pa.; Excellent soil, land can be worked by machinery; 77 acres first class timber land; is watered by springs and running water; timber land is in good pasture; Two-Story, Cut Stone, Dwelling of 6 rooms and kitchen, good cellar, all in good condition, house surrounded by shade trees; good Frame Bank Barn, cut stone foundation, 60x23 feet, stabling; stone spring house, and all necessary outbuildings; two good orchards; land lies on a good road. Price $10,000 in payments.

A GREAT CURE

By Inhalation.

A TESTIMONIAL FROM MRS. DOWNING,

Of Wooster, Ohio.

WOOSTER, O., November 11, 1872.

I have been afflicted with Catarrh for over 25 years, and had consulted different physicians, whose prescriptions relieved me but little, if any at all. I tried some catarrh remedies, which proved worse than useless, and I believe they were the cause of the disease going to my lungs and heart.

Night sweats, hectic fever, loss of appetite, *bleeding from the lungs*, and other symptoms of Consumption appeared, and I became much discouraged, and so weak I could scarcely sit up.

In this condition I applied to Dr. Hunter, scarcely hoping to obtain any relief. I am thankful to say that from the day I commenced the use of his *Inhalations* and other treatment, I have steadily improved, until I feel that I have recovered substantial health.

I consider that my recovery is truly remarkable, and as such it is looked upon by my friends and neighbors. I now enjoy better health than I have for years, and can perform my household duties with perfect ease.

I trust by the favor of God, and the kind and skillful treatment of Dr. Hunter, I may be restored to perfect health.

I would say to the many afflicted as I have been, go to Dr. Hunter at once, with your minds fully made up to follow his rules and directions, and you will find a physician and friend in whose hands you need not fear to trust your health.

ELIZABETH DOWNING.

Mrs. Downing is the wife of Samuel P. Downing, a brother of Judge Downing, of Wooster, Ohio, and will cheerfully answer all inquiries made, either personally or by letter.

WHAT IS INHALATION?

It is the method of treating diseases of the nasal cavities, Throat and Lungs, by breathing into them the vapor of medicines, from an Inhaling Instrument.

Dr. Hunter has devoted many years to this specialty, and publishes testimonials from some of the most eminent journalists, ministers, and other persons in this country. Send for a pamphlet containing these.

If you are afflicted with Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, or Catarrh, instead of wasting time and money with general practitioners and patent medicines, go, or send an intelligent statement of your case to Dr. Hunter, who has spent a life-time treating these diseases, and receive such treatment as the particular nature, stage and symptoms of your disease requires. An opinion costs you nothing, and his fees for treatment are low.

LETTERS

UPON DISEASES OF THE

Throat, Lungs, Heart.

NASAL CAVITIES AND EARS.

AND THEIR AUXILIARY TREATMENT BY

Medicated Inhalation,

And Other Methods of Local Medication,

WITH NUMEROUS ILLUSTRATIONS

This is one of the most beautifully executed, completely illustrated and interesting books of the kind ever issued and will be sent free to all invalids Address

JAMES A. HUNTER, M. D.,

No. 253 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

apr16-4w

Orphans' Court Sale.

Two Lots in Borough of Phillipsburg.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, Pa., the undersigned, Guardian of Laura Metschan, Edmond Metschan, and Ferdinand Metschan, will expose to public sale on the premises,

ON THURSDAY, MAY 1st, 1873,

at 2 o'clock, p. m., two lots of ground, situate in the borough of Phillipsburg, in the county of Beaver, and State of Pennsylvania, being lots numbered 23 and 26 in the general plan of lots in said borough, each of said lots being 68 feet in front on Second street, and extending back 116 feet and enclosed with board fence.

TERMS:—One-third of the purchase money to be paid at the confirmation of the sale by the court, and the remainder in two equal annual installments from that date, with interest therefor from the same time.
LOUIS KOLB,
apr16 3w Guardian.

Orphans' Court Sale.

"NORTH SEWICKLEY ACADEMY" PROPERTY.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Rev. Henry Webber, late of the township of North Sewickley in said county, will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry on the premises, on

FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1873,

AT TEN O'CLOCK, A. M.,

the following real estate of said decedent, situate in said township of North Sewickley in the county of Beaver aforesaid, consisting of two adjoining lots or pieces of ground, the one bounded by lands of Orville Jackson, S. C. Clow, Presbyterian Church lot, and Academy lots, containing 75 perches, more or less; and the other bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at a post in centre of road leading from Providence Meeting House, to Brush Creek Bridge; thence by centre of said road south 45 degrees east, 11½ perches; thence north 1¾ degrees west, 9 8-10 perches by Academy lot to a post; thence by public ground north 88¾ degrees east 17 perches to the place of beginning, containing one acre and 28 perches, well known as the "NORTH SEWICKLEY ACADEMY" property, and on which are erected a large TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, containing 10 rooms, all well finished, with cellar underneath, and having two fronts, with two porticos, and is well calculated for a Boarding School, it having heretofore been used as such for a number of years. There are also on the premises a good stable, 20x40 feet, good frame wash house, coal house, and all other necessary out-buildings, all in good repair; a large number of fruit trees, viz: apple, peach, pear and plumb trees; also grape vines, all in excellent condition; a good well of water, and good cistern conveniently located. The premises are enclosed, and are convenient to and adjoin the Presbyterian Church; are ¼ mile from Baptist Church, and are on the grade road leading to New Castle, about 8 miles from New Brighton.

TERMS:—One-third of purchase money in hand on confirmation of sale by the Court, and the balance in two equal annual installments from date of confirmation with interest from same date, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. For further particulars address
JOHN H. WILSON, Administrator.
NORTH SEWICKLEY,
April 19, 1873. apr23-3w.

New Advertisements.

THOMAS ALLISON & SON

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods and Notions,

GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE,
NAILS,
GLASS,
FISH,
BACON,
FLOUR,
MEAL,
GRAIN,
MILL FEED,
&c., &c.

We will constantly keep a full line of the above goods on hand and sell at the lowest rates.

☞ All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

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STEAM REFINED ENGINE CARBON,

SPINDLE, CYLINDER, PAINT,

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Prepared under a new Process, without the use of Chemicals.

POINT OIL WORKS,

SMITH'S FERRY,

BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

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TENNESSEE LAND.

5,000 Acres in one body—farming, grazing and timber land—in Scott Co., near Huntsville, *the county seat*. Full warranty deed. Price $1.50 per acre. Terms; One-third cash, balance on mortgage, or in exchange for stocks having a reliable protective value. Apply to
E. G. SHEPARD, Ag't,
apr18-2w 19 Broadway, New York.

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HIS

Beaver Falls

ESTABLISHMENT,

AND

Concentrated

AT THE

NEW BRIGHTON

BAZAAR

OF

FASHION.

dec4-72-1y

Legal Advertisements.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that Captain JOHN V. McDONALD, of the Borough of Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, has made a deed of voluntary assignment to the undersigned of all his Estate, Real, Personal and Mixed, in trust for the benefit of his Creditors. All persons having claims against him will therefore please present them to me, at my office, No. 73 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa. JOHN F. DRAVO.
4-9-3w

IN the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county, at No. 12 of June Term, 1873.

In the matter of the application of The Wall Rose Mutual Insurance Company, for Charter of incorporation

March 17, 1873, application presented, and the court having perused and examined the accompanying constitution, and being of the opinion that it contains nothing which is contrary to law, direct that said instrument be filed in the Prothonotary's Office, and that notice be published in The Beaver Argus for at least three weeks that such application has been made, and that unless sufficient cause to the contrary be shown, the Charter prayed for will be granted at the next Term of Court. JOHN CAUGHEY, *Prothonotary.*
apr16-3w

Administratrix' Notice.

Estate of Jesse D. Edmonds, dec'd.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Jesse D. Edmonds, dec'd, late of Rochester borough in the county of Beaver, and State of Pennsylvania, having been granted to the subscriber residing in said borough, all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent are hereby requested to make known the same to the undersigned with ut delay.
4-9 REBECCA EDMONDS, *Adm'x.*

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AND

THEATORUM!

Open Day and Evening, all the Year.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE OF AMUSEMENT IN THE CITY.

SIX PERFORMANCES from the Stage, DAILY!
TWO IN THE FORENOON,
TWO IN THE AFTERNOON,
TWO IN THE EVENING.

Doors open from 8 o'clock in the morning until 10 o'clock at night.

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When visiting the city, don't fail to visit

BURNELL'S MUSEUM,

5th Ave., between Wood and Smithfield Sts.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
mar5-73-1y

STATEMENT of the Receipts and Expenditures of the Beaver County Agricultural Society for the Year 1872.

Dr.

Balance in hands of Treasurer from 1871	$ 112 01
Received of H Cook from oats on lots	16 00
Family tickets sold (1618)	1,618 00
Single tickets sold	983 45
Tickets to seats at stand	115 00
Tickets at stock gate	112 00
Eating houses, stands and shows	348 00
Entrance paid for speed	392 50
State appropriation	100 00
	$3,796 96

Cr

By cash paid for music at fair	$ 90 00
" printing posters, tickets and adv	$ 213 50
" boarding police, judges & managers	94 50
" for nails and hardware for repairs	21 75
" for hay and straw for stock	54 40
" for postage and stationery	8 56
" for labor and lumber	315 43
" for gate keepers and police	117 50
" Treasurer's salary	75 00
" Recording Secretary's salary	50 00
" Corresponding Secretary's salary	10 00
" for premiums at Fair of 1872	1,432 50
" on Torrence lot	1,100 00
" on Economy lot	200 00
Cash balance in hands of Treasurer	13 82
	$3,796 96

WM S. BARCLAY,
D. M. DONEHOO, } Auditors.
WM. McCOY,
4-16-3w

The BEST and MOST IMPROVED

Fire and Burglar-Proof SAFES AND VAULTS

Are made by the PITTSBURGH SAFE COMPANY,

167 PENN STREET,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
apr2-3m

$5 A VALUABLE INVENTION! $5

AN ENTIRELY NEW

SEWING MACHINE!

FOR DOMESTIC USE.

ONLY FIVE DOLLARS.

With the New Patent Button Hole Worker.

The most simple and compact in construction.

The most durable and economical in use.

A model of Combined strength and beauty. Complete in all its parts, uses the Straight Eye Pointed Needle, Self Threading, direct upright Positive Motion, New Tension, Self Feed and Cloth Guider. Operates by wheel and on a table. Light Running, Smooth and noiseless like all good high priced machines. Has patent check to prevent the wheel being turned the wrong way. Uses the thread direct from the spool. Makes the Elastic Lock Stitch (finest and strongest stitch known) firm, durable, close and rapid. Will do all kinds of work, fine and coarse, from Cambric to heavy Cloth or Leather, and uses all descriptions of thread.

The best mechanical talent in America and Europe, has been devoted to improving and simplifying our Machines, combining only that which is practicable, and dispensing with all complicated surroundings generally found in other machines.

Special terms and extra inducements to male and female agents, store keepers, &c., who will establish agencies through the country and keep our new machines on exhibition and sale. County rights given to smart agents free. Agent's complete outfits furnished without any extra charge. Samples of sewing, descriptive circulars containing terms, testimonials, engravings, &c., sent free.

Address

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No 1329 BROADWAY,
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feb5 1y

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

Just published, a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA OR IMPOTENCY Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞ Price in a sealed envelope only 6 cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequence of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically*.

☞ This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *post-paid* on receipt of 6 cents, or two post stamps.

Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 50 cents.

Address the Publishers,
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 *Bowery, New York*, Post-Office Box, 4586.
apr19-1y

$300,000

MISSOURI STATE LOTTERY,

Legalized by State Authority and Drawn in Public in St. Louis.

GRAND SINGLE NUMBER SCHEME
50,000 NUMBERS,
Class D to be Drawn April, 30 1873.

5880 Prizes Amounting to $300,000.

1 Prize of	$50 000	500 prizes of	$ 100
1 prize of	13 450	9 prizes of	1 000
1 prize of	10 000	9 prizes of	500
1 prize of	7 500	9 prizes of	300
4 prizes of	5 000	9 prizes of	250
4 prizes of	2 500	36 prizes of	200
20 prizes of	1 000	36 prizes of	150
20 prizes of	500	80 prizes of	100
40 prizes of	250	5000 prizes of	10

Tickets, $10. Half Tickets, $5. Quarter, $2.50

☞ Our lotteries are chartered by the State, are always drawn at the time named, and all drawings are under the supervision of sworn commissioners

☞ The official drawing will be published in the St. Louis papers, and a copy of Drawing sent to purchasers of tickets.

☞ We will draw a similar scheme the last day of every month during the year 1873.

☞ Remit by POST OFFICE MONEY ORDERS, REGISTERED LETTER, DRAFT or EXPRESS. Address
MURRAY, MILLER & CO.,
Post office box 2446 St. Louis, Mo.
apr16-1y

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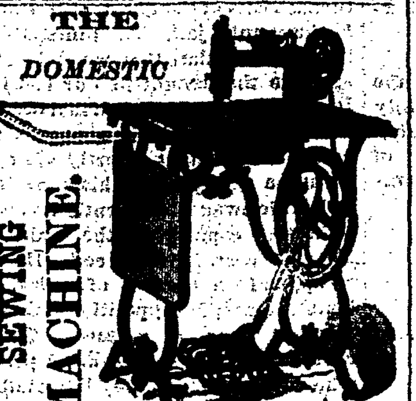

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More easily managed, more durable, and runs lighter than any Machine in the market; easily cleaned and kept in order; large bobbins, holds twice as much thread as any other shuttle. Lock-stitch, alike on both sides; self-adjusting tension.

Justly Popular.

From the first the "DOMESTIC" has rapidly increased in popularity, until to-day, in the opinion of all experienced Sewing Machine men, it stands forth

UNRIVALLED!

It is gaining favor much faster than any other Machine heretofore presented to the public, which can be seen from its increased sales last year over the preceding, being

OVER FIVE HUNDRED PER CENT.

No Machine is increasing its sales and gaining public favor as rapidly as the

DOMESTIC.

This is in consequence of its

SUPERIORITY

WM. ROBERTSON, Agent,

Beaver Falls, Pa. Call and examine the Machine. jy24-9m.

INSTANT RELIEF

For the Asthma.

Any person troubled with that terrible disease, will receive *immediate* and *complete relief*, by using my Asthma Remedy.

I was afflicted with it, for twelve years, entirely unfitting me for business for weeks at a time; and discovered this remedy by experimenting on myself after all other medicines failed to have any affect.

I will Warrant it to give Instant Relief

in all cases of Asthma, not complicated with other diseases.

ANY PERSON AFTER ONCE USING WILL NEVER BE WITHOUT IT.

Pamplets containing certificates by mail FREE. Send for one. *Ask your Druggist for it.* If he has none on hand, get him to send or write for it yourself.

Price by mail, postage paid, **$1.00** per box. LIBERAL TERMS TO DRUGGISTS.

Address **CHAS. B. HURST,**
feb19-1f] ROCHESTER, BEAVER Co. PA.,

BUCKEYE POULTRY YARDS.

Dark Brahmas, Light Brahmas, Black Cochins, Partridge Cochins, White Cochins, Buff Cochins, White Leghorns, and Houdans

EGGS FOR HATCHING $3.00 PER DOZEN.

Fowls $6.00 per pair, $9.00 per Trio.

We warrant one-half or more of every dozen eggs sent out by us to hatch, if they do not, we will send another dozen at one-half price.

Send for descriptive Circular. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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SPRING 1873.

Kitchen,	Glazed.
Chamber,	Tinted.
Dining,	Damask.
Hall	Gilt.
Library,	Panel.
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Parlor	Embossed.
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Liberal discount to the trade.

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Manufactured expressly for, and sold only by the

Pennsylvania Wine Company.

The only Ales manufactured by the same process and of the same materials as the celebrated Bass', of England.

Put up in Bbls., Half Bbls., and Bottles.

☞ *Send for Circular.* ☜

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CARPES, OIL CLOTHS,

MATTINGS, SHADES
AND SHADE CLOTH,
HOLLANDS ALL COLORS,
GREEN ———
STAIR RODS with Patent Fastening
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In Chemical and Medical Science.

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SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR

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TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of ALL THE TWELVE valuable active principles of the well known curative agent,

PINE TREE TAR,

UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.

CURES WITHOUT FAIL

A recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkably efficacious in all

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD,

including Scrofula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.

ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!

DR. GARVIN'S

VOLATILE SOLUTION OF TAR

MEDICATED

FOR INHALATION.

☞ A remarkably valuable discovery, which positively cures

CATARRH, BRONCHITIS,
ASTHMA, AND ALL DISEASES OF
THE NOSE, THROAT AND
LUNGS.

THE COMPOUND
TAR AND MANDRAKE PILL.

for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best ever offered.

Solution and compound elixir, $1 per Bottle.

Tar and Mandrake Pills, 25cts. per Box.

Medicated Inhalation, per package, ... $5 00

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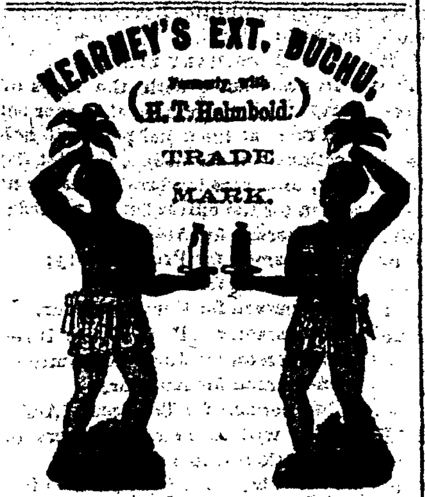
Miscellaneous.



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Is the only Known Remedy for Brights Disease and has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given, Irritation of the neck of the Bladder and inflamation of the Kidneys. Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, and Locous or Milky Discharges, and for Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions of both Sexes, attended with the following Symptoms; Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Wakefulness, Pain in the back, Flushing of the Body, Eruption on the Face, Pallid countenance, Lassitude of the System, etc.

Used by persons in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains, bed-wetting in children, etc.

In many affections peculiar to ladies, the Extract Buchu is unequaled by any other remedy.—As in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus state of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites; Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent Physicians and Midwives for enfeebled and delicate constitutions of both sexes and all ages.

KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

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KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

$1 00 per bottle or six bottles for $5 00, delivered to any address, secure from observation. Sold by druggists everywhere. Prepared by
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to whom all letters for information should be be addressed. feb5-1y

RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA

WE CLERGYMEN WERE CURED

of Chronic and Acute Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Kidney, and Nervous Diseases, after years of suffering, by taking *Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup*—the scientific discovery of J. P. Fitler, M. D., a regular graduate physician, with whom we are personally acquainted, who has for 39 years treated these diseases exclusively with astonishing results. We believe it our christian duty, after deliberation, to conscientiously request sufferers to use it, especially persons in moderate circumstances who cannot afford to waste time and money on worthless mixtures. As clergymen we seriously feel the deep responsibility resting on us in publicly endorsing this medicine. But our knowledge and experience of its remarkable merit fully justifies our action. Rev C. H. Ewing, Media, Penn'a, suffered sixteen years, became hopeless. Rev. Thomas Murphy, D. D., Frankfort, Philadelphia. Rev. J. B. Davis, Hightstown, New Jersey. Rev. J. S Buchanan, Clarence, Iowa. Rev. G. G. Smith, Pittsford, New York. Rev. Joseph Beggs, Falls Church, Philadelphia. Other testimonials from Senators, Governors, Judges, Congressmen, Physicians, &c., forwarded gratis with pamphlet explaning these diseases. One thousand dollars will be presented to any medicine for same diseases showing equal merit under test, or that can produce one-forth as many living cures. Any person sending by letter description of affliction will receive gratis a legally signed guarantee, naming the number of bottles to cure, agreeing to refund money upon sworn statement of its failure to cure. Afflicted invited to write to Dr. Fitler, Philad'a. His valuable advice costs nothing.
SAMUEL C. HANNEN, *Agent*,
feb19-1y] ROCHESTER, PA.

Fifth Avenue Clothing Hall

Corner of Fifth and Market Street.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

1873. Spring Stock 1873.

Is offered lower than any other house in the city. Buyers, *Study Your Own Interest*, and examine the stock of J. HANNACH before purchasing elsewhere.

The stock comprises Men's, Boys', Youths', and Children's Clothing, at *Wholesale and Retail Prices.*

Particular attention given to custom work. *J. HANNACH.*

☞ Bring this invitation with you. apr2 3m

ESTABLISHED IN 1838.

RE-ESTABLISHED IN 1869.

C. G. Hammer & Sons,

Manufacturers of Fine and Medium FURNITURE of every description and price, handmade and superior in style and quality than found in most or any other Furniture House this side of the mountains.

Photographs and Price Lists sent on application, or when in the city don't forget the place—Sign of the Large Golden Chair,

46, 48, and 50 SEVENTH AVENUE,

apr2 1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

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M'CANDLESS, JAMISON & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS.

103 Wood Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Having a resident buyer in the East, enables us to keep our stock complete, and add new styles as they appear in the market

Special attention invited to our stock of DRESS GOODS AND SHAWLS.
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Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co.

DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS.

WHOLESALE EXCLUSIVELY.

LARGEST STOCK IN THE MARKET.

NEW GOODS OPENED DAILY.

GOODS SOLD AT LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.

Buyers are invited to call at

OUR NEW STORE,

Nos. 239 & 241 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH.

C. ARBUTHNOT........................ W. T. SHANNON.
J. G. STEPHENSON.
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Rochester Savings Bank.

GEO. C. SPEYERER............W. J. SPEYERER,
JOHN GRAEBING..............L. H. OATMAN,
LOUIS SCHNEIDER,.........J. J. SPEYERER, *Cashier.*

SPEYERER & CO.,

Dealers in exchange, Coin, Government Securities, make collections on all accessible points in the United States and Canada, receive money on deposit subject to check, and receive time deposits of one dollar and upward, and allow interest at 6 per cent.

By-laws and Rules furnished free by applying at the bank.

Bank open daily from 7 a. m., till 4 p. m., and on saturday evenings from 6 to 8 o'clock.

REFER, BY PERMISSION, TO

L. H. Oatman & Co,	Hon J S Rutan,
Algeo. Scott & Co	Orr & Cooper.
S J Cross & Co,	Wm Kennedy,
Snieder & Wacks,	John Sharp,
B S Ranger,	R B Edgar,
A C Hurst,	Tradesman's National
S B Wilson,	Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa.

jan15 tf

Clothing.

LOOK HERE.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.—The undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally that he has just received a new stock of goods of the latest styles for Spring and Summer wear, which he offers at very moderat rates.

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Clothing made to order [illegible] notice. Thankful to the public [illegible] I hope by close attention to bus[illegible] ontinu ance of the same.

DAN[illegible]R,
BRIDGE ST., BRIDGEWATER, PA.
mar 24:tf

CLOTHING STORE.

NEW GOODS!

WINTER STOCK.

The undersigned takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public generally that he has just received and opened

A New Stock of Goods,

OF THE LATEST STYLES FOR

Fall and Winter Wear.

He keeps the best of workmen in his employ, and feels confident of his ability to cut and make up garments both

FASHIONABLE & DURABLE.

and in such a manner as will please his customers.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Call and see us before leaving your Orders Elsewhere

WILLIAM REICH, Jr.
may4;70;1y Bridgewater, Pa

Dry Goods.

SPEYERER & SONS

ARE RECEIVING

A LARGE and WELL SELECTED

Stock of

NEW GOODS,

FROM THE EAST, bought at

LOWEST CASH PRICES;

CONSISTING OF

DRY-GOODS,
GROCERIES,

BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS & CAPS,
QUEENSWARE,
HOLLOWARE,
ROPE AND OAKUM,
FAHNESTOCK'S,
And the First National

WHITE LEADS,

PAINTS.

DRY AND IN OIL;

AND A LARGE STOCK of OIL.

ALSO,

144 BARRELS

CANTON CITY Flour.

ALSO,

144 BARRELS FALCON FLOUR;

ALSO,

15 HOGSHEADS New Orleans SUGAR;

ALSO,

30 BARRELS N. O. MOLASSES

ALSO,

150 *KEGS WHEELING NAILS;*

ALSO,

10 TONS OF WHEELING IRON,

—AT—

SPEYERER & SONS,

ROCHESTER, Pa.
April 13, 1872. 1y: chdgmays.

B. S. RANGER,

Bridge Street,

BRIDGEWATER, PA.

IS WEEKLY RECEIVING A FRESH SUPPLY OF GOODS IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:

DRY GOODS

Steubenville Jeans,
Cassimeres and Sattinets,
White Woolen Blankets,
White and Colored and
Barred Flannels,
Merinos,
Delaines,
Plaids,
Ginghams,
Cobergs,
Lawns,
Water Proofs,
Chinchilla,
Cloths,
Woolen Shawls,
Brown and Black Muslins,
Drilling, Tickings,
Prints,
Canton
Flannels,
Jaconets,
Table Linen,
Irish Linen,
Crash,
Counterpanes,
Hoisery,
Gloves,
& Mits.

Groceries

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, White Silver Drips, Golden and Common Syrups, Mackerel in barrels and kits, Star and Tallow Candles, Soap, Spices and Mince Meat. Also, SALT.

Hardware, Nails, Glass,

Door Locks, Door Latches, Hinges, Screws, Table Cutlery, Table and Tea Spoons, Sleigh Bells, Coal Boxes, Fire Shovels and Pokers, Nails and Glass, Spades, Shovels, 2, 3, and 4 Tine Forks, Rakes, Scythes and Snaths, Corn and Garden Hoes.

WOODENWARE.

Buckets Tubs, Churns, Butter Prints and Ladles

CARBON OIL,

Linseed Oil & White Lead.

Boots and Shoes

LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES, in great variety.

Rifle Powder and Shot,

Blasting Powder and Fuse.

Flour Feed & Queensware.

All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

By close attention to business, and by keeping constantly on hand a well assorted stock of goods of all the different kinds usually kept in a country store, the undersigned hopes in the future as in the past to merit and receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

B. S. RANGER.
dec23'68:1y.—jy7chgd.

Black and Gold Front,

GEORGE W. BIGGS

No. 159 SMITHFIELD ST.

Four doors above Sixth Ave.

FINE WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY

Optical and Fancy Goods, &c.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

FINE WATCH REPAIRING.

Please cut this advertisement out and bring it with you. jel41y

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Medicinal.

WISHART'S PINE TREE Tar Cordial,

NATURE'S GREAT REMEDY

FOR THE

THROAT and LUNGS.

It is gratifying to us to inform the public that Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial for Throat and Lung Diseases, has gained an enviable reputation from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast, and from thence to some of the first families of Europe, not through the press alone, but by persons throughout the State actually benefited and cured at his office. While he publishes less, so say our reporters, he is unable to supply the demand. It gains and holds its reputation—

First. Not by stopping cough, but by loosening and assisting nature to throw off the unhealthy matter collected about the throat and bronchial tubes, which causes irritation

Second. It removes the cause of irritation (which produces cough) of the mucous membrane and bronchial tubes, assists the lungs to act and throw off the unhealthy secretions, and purifies the blood.

Third. It is free from squills, lobelia, ipecac and opium, of which most throat and lung remedies are composed, which allay cough only and disorganize the stomach. It has a soothing effect on the stomach, acts on the liver and kidneys, and lymphatic and nervous regions, thus reaching to every part of the system, and in its invigorating and purifying effects it has gained a reputation which it must hold above all others in the market.

NOTICE.

The Pine Tree Tar Cordial,

Great American Dyspepsia Pills

AND

Worm Sugar Drops

Being under my immediate direction, they will not lose their curative qualities by the use of cheap and impure articles.

HENRY R. WISHART,

PROPRIETOR.

FREE OF CHARGE.

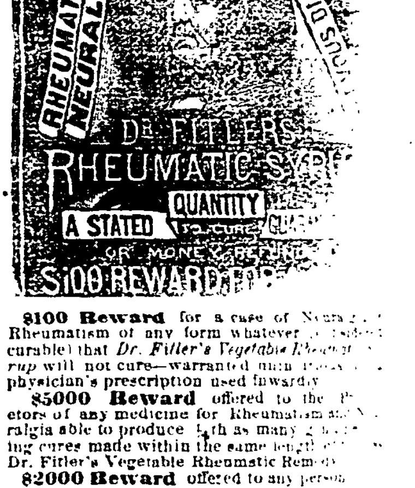
Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart's office Parlors are open on Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays from 9 a. m., to 5 p. m., for consultation by Dr. Wm. T. Magee. With him are associated two consulting physicians of acknowledged ability. This opportunity is not offered by any other [illegible] tion in the city.

All letters must be addressed to

L. Q. C. WISHART, M. D.,

No. 232 N. SECOND ST.,

PHILADELPHIA.
jan8 '73-6m.



$100 Reward for a case of Neuralgia or Rheumatism of any form whatever (considered curable) that *Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup* will not cure—warranted unin[illegible] [illegible] physician's prescription used inwardly

$5000 Reward offered to the Proprietors of any medicine for Rheumatism and Neuralgia able to produce ¼th as many genuine [illegible] ing cures made within the same length [illegible] Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Remedy

$2000 Reward offered to any person [illegible] ing Joseph P. Fitler, M. D., to be other [illegible] graduate of the celebrated university of Pennsylvania in 1833, and Professor of Chemistry [illegible] ing Rheumatism specially for 39 years.

$1000 Reward to any Chemist, Physician or others able to discover Iodide of Potassa, Colchicum, Mercury, or anything injurious to the system in Dr. Fitler's Rheumatic Syrup

28,500 Certificates or testimonials [illegible] including Rev. C. H. Ewing, Media, Pa. Rev. Joseph Beggs, Falls of Schuylkill, Phila. [illegible] of Rev. J. B. Davis, Highstown, N. J. Rev. [illegible] Murphy, Frankford, Phil'a; Dr. Jennings [illegible] Walton, Philadelphia; Hon. J. V. Creely, member of Congress from Philadelphia; Hon. [illegible] Lee, Camden, N. J.; ex-Senator Stewart, Baltimore; ex-Governor Powell, Kentucky, and thousands of others, if space permitted.

$250 Reward for the name of any warranted preparation for Rheumatism and Neuralgia [illegible] under a similar legal guarantee, setting forth the exact number of bottles to cure or return amount paid for the same to the patient in case of failure to cure. A full description of cases requiring guarantees must be forwarded by letter to Philadelphia. The guarantee, signed and stating quantity to cure, will be returned by mail with advice and instructions, without any charge. Address all letters to Dr. FITLER, No 45 South Fourth street. No other remedy is offered on such terms. Get a circular on the various forms of Rheumatism, also, blank applications for guarantee, gratis of the special agent. HUGO ANDRIESSEN,
sep11, 1y Beaver Pa

Banks and Bankers.

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OF

James T. Brady & Co.,

COR. FOURTH AVE. & WOOD ST.

Pittsburgh, Pa,

WE BUY AND SELL

Government Securities, Gold, Silver.

AND COUPONS

ON LIBERAL TERMS.

And do a General Banking Business. We allow SIX PER CENT INTEREST on DEPOSITS subject to check without notice
(jy3;1y.] **JAMES T. BRADY & CO**

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EBEN ALLISON.................... Cashier.

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